





















Thos. Larrar.  
A present to me from My. Maynard Esq.



A Book of all the severall Officers of  
the Court of Exchequer, together with the  
Names of the present Officers, in whose Gift  
and how admitted

With a brief Collection of the chief  
Heads of what every Officer usually doth by  
virtue of his Office, according to the State  
of the Exchequer at this day.

## The Kings Remembrancer

Richard Fanshawe Esq<sup>r</sup> is the present Officer and holdeth  
his place by Letters patents under the Great Seal  
of England, is the Kings Gift, and Admitted by  
taking Oath in open Court before the Barons of the  
Exchequer, he hath two joynd in patent w<sup>th</sup> him that  
are to Succeed him M<sup>r</sup> W<sup>m</sup> Litton and

He



He hath eight Clerks or Attorneys within his Office in his own Gift, w<sup>ch</sup> are admitted by himself & an Oath administred before him, by Virtue thereof they enjoy their Places during their Lives.

The present Attorneys are Martin Boothby  
Anthony Boucher, Nathaniel Hall, S<sup>r</sup> Simon  
Fanshaw, Walter Hillery, Ellis Young, Edward  
Burghe and John Payne, whereof the two first are  
called Secondarys and have a small Fee from his  
Majesty.

All English Bills within the Exchequer are in this  
Office and the proceedings thereof much agreeing to  
that of the Chancery as by Bill, Answer Replication  
and Rejoinder.

The cause being at Issue, Witnesses are Examined in  
Court before the Barons, or by Commission in the  
Country

And being ready for hearing, if set down to be heard  
by the Barons Lord Treasurer Chancellor of the  
Exchequer.



The Writts are first Subpœna upon not appearing = 11 = 11 =  
Affidavit is made of serving of the Subpœna, upon w<sup>ch</sup> = 11 =  
an Attachment goes out of Course, then an Alias and a  
Pluries, afterwards a Writt of Proclamation & lastly  
a Commission of Rebellion.

Brief Notes of all Orders pronounced either in the = 11 = 11 =  
Exchequer Chamber upon hearings, or in the Outer = 11 = 11 =  
Chamber upon Motions are taken by the King, = 11 = 11 =  
Remembrancer himselfe; or Such of his Office as he  
shall appoint to do it, & thereupon the Attorneys for  
the Plaintiff or Defendant & then they are entered into  
Books by his Clerk, which are accounted as Registers  
but are not Sworne Officers.

At certaine days perfixed in the Terme he ought to call  
to Account in open Court all the Great Accountts as the  
Cofforer, Master of the Great Wardrobe, Clerk of the  
Hanaper, Victualler of the Navy & Such like; and all  
Collectors of Customs & Subsidies & all Searchers for the  
Moisty of all Forfeitures.



He receiveth the Subsidy Rolls of all the Countys of England and callth to Account all Collectors of Subsidys & Fifteenths as they are appointed and Certifyed unto his Office by the Commission every where for the Assessing & Levying of the Same according to their dayes of Payment appointed them by the Statute.

He receiveth the Certificates from the Clerk of the Tallies of the Receipt of all Monys imprinted out of the Exchequer for which men ought to come to Account.

He maketh out proceſs of Distringas (or ought so to do) against all Accomptants that are slack to bring them to account, and such as come not in upon the first proceſs against them he is to issue an alias Distringas & then a pluries, and then Capias to take the Bodies to compell them to an Account, and alsoe make out proceſs against Lands Goods and Tenements when Need shall require.

He also taketh all Bonds & Recognizances to the Kings use of all Sheriffs, Customers Comptrollers Receivers Bayliff & all other persons whatsoever that are bound in the Exchequer.



For monys due upon Bond or Recognizances to the Kings use, he may (ex Officio) send forth Extents, if the Conditions be not absolutely for payment of money he may send forth Writts of Scire Facias at first and afterwards Extents,

In his Office are all manner of Informations upon personal Statutes, Instructions, Concealment & the like put in and sued with Matters Recognizances and Bonds proceeding upon the same.

After every Bishops death he maketh the Record of his mulcture, of his best House, Ring & Cup &c. seized to his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> use, or of the Fine made thereof.

He keepeth all Judgments Fines Records Deeds Charters & other Evidences whatsoever brought into the Court by any person for the Assurance of any Lands or Tenement belonging to the Crowne:

He receiveth all Sheriffs foreign Accompts, Acco.<sup>ts</sup> of Escheators, Customs Collectors of Subsidies & Fifteenth, Cofferor &c; and Taketh the Totall of the Debts due thereupon and putteth them to the Treas.<sup>rs</sup> Remembrance or to be there likewise entered, to the end the debts



may be put into the View of every Years Remembrance  
that he to whome it appertains may make proceſſe  
upon the Same, that no Super or Debt be Suffered to  
be out of Proceſſe untill it be diſcharged, This Article  
being performed is much for his Ma.<sup>ty</sup>s Service.

He ought to informe the Trear or Chancellor or  
Barons or the Kings Attorney of all Debts and  
Arrearages &c and all Suits & pleaſ in his Office  
depending thereupon to drive things to an Iſſue for  
the Recovery of the Kings Debts

He ſendeth every Hilary & Trinity Terme ſeverall  
Parchm.<sup>t</sup> blank books to all the Cuſtomers Comptrolers  
Surveyors Collectors & Searchers of all the ports of  
England for the Entry of all the Cuſtomes & Subſidies  
& afterwards receiveth the Same againe by the  
oath of the Said Officers in open Court or before  
one of the Barons that they have made all true  
Entry of the as they ought to do.

He readeth all the Oaths that the Officers of the  
Court of Excheq.<sup>r</sup> do take before the Lord Keeper and  
Barons.



He maketh the prerogative Writt of the Court for  
all Officers and Ministers of the Exchequer & Receipt,  
that be sued elsewhere to remove <sup>the</sup> plaint before the  
Barons or to Surcease the Suit.

He sendeth the Red book by one of his Attorneys w<sup>th</sup>  
the Fifth Baron to the Kings Bench or Common  
pleas, to remove any matter sued there against any  
Officer Minister or Accomptant that prayeth the  
priviledge of the Court upon w<sup>ch</sup> Red book so showed  
and the parties so Testified by the Baron to be of the  
Court, his priviledge is thereupon ordinarily allowed.



# Treasurers Remembrancer

The Lord Treasurers Remembrancer of the Exch.<sup>r</sup> is an Office granted by Patent under the Great Seal of England & in the

S.<sup>r</sup> Peter Osborne is the present Officer and is admitted by taking Oath in open Court before the Barons of the Exchequer

He hath under him in his Office, twelve Sworne Clerks, or Attornies, which are by him admitted & their Oath administered by himselfe. the two next best of them are called Secondarys of that Office.

The present Clerks are Henry Osborn Tho.<sup>s</sup> Gundry W<sup>m</sup> Wymondshall W<sup>m</sup> Tutthill Thomas Rich. Nich.<sup>s</sup> Turbeville Tho.<sup>s</sup> Osborn Edw.<sup>d</sup> Badly Rich.<sup>d</sup> Dawson Richard Barlowe John Tutthill and Edw.<sup>d</sup> Reynold.

To this Office belongs the Duty of Execution upon the Originall Estroates to him yearly out of the



Chancery w.<sup>ch</sup> contain all Grants that pass under the Great Seal and all Commissions that pass under the Great Seal.

Upon those whose Rents are reserv'd he causeth the Same to be prepared for the Clarke of the Pipe & to be drawn down into the Great Role from whence they are Writtin halfe Yearly to the Sheriffs to levy them in their respective Countys.

Where Accompts are to be rendered he causeth process to be made forth against parties ad reddend Comp'm.

Where any Tenure, if reserv'd, he causeth process to be awarded against the Tennants to do their Service to the King be it Homage or Fealty as also for Reliefs whence they are due.

In this Office is Yearly made a Roll called the Roll of Proffers by which the Sheriffs every Easter and Michmas are called in the Exchequer to pay their proffers w.<sup>ch</sup> is the proffitts of their Countys, being antient Rents and the Sums certain in every County & for Non payment infra monsem pasche et Michmas they forfeit their Recognizances, and the Default is to be certified by him



To the Kings Remembrancer where the Sherriff Bond  
remains, who makes out process thereupon.

In the same Roll is contained the proffers for Bayliffs  
of Libertyes who making default are amerced by the  
Court and a Record made thereof in that Office and  
from that Record drawn Downe into the Great Roll  
of the Pipe and from thence written forth to be layde.

In this Office is made Yearly a Roll by which all  
Accomptants are called at their Severall days of  
Perfixion to pass their Accompts and their Defaults  
there entred & so proceeded against according to the  
Court of Exchequer.

In this Office are transcribed out of the petty Bag  
all inquisitions taken post Mortem, from whence are  
abstracted all the lands contained in them, w<sup>ch</sup> are holden  
of the King in Chief or by Knights Service of any  
Hon<sup>rs</sup> or Man<sup>rs</sup> or of any Mannor of the Kings by  
Rent; and are entred upon Record for preservation  
of the Kings Tenures, and from thence is process



awarded for the Reliefs Homages and Fealties as  
the Case shall require.

From hence all Procefs are made out for all Fines  
due to the King for Alienacons made of Lands holden  
without licence either by Deed Intolled Fines or  
Recoveries.

From this Office all procefs issue against the Kings  
Tenants to pay their respects of Homage as also ag<sup>st</sup>  
all such as are Intruders & purchase Lands holding in  
Chief without the Kings License, & those procefs cease  
not but firmly issue out against them untill they  
have paid the Fine for respect of Homage and the  
Fine of collidation.

In this Office halfe yearly is made a Record of all  
Issues forfeited for the Causes aforesaid & by him deliver  
ed over to the Clerks of the Exchequer who writes them forth  
to the Sheriffs for Levying the same.

He taketh all Excheats of Fines Issues & Amerciam<sup>ts</sup>  
into the Court from the Kings Bench Common Pleas  
Justices of Assize and all Justices of the peace thro'



England w<sup>ch</sup> are by him delivered over by the Roles  
of Streets to the Clerk of the Streets to write out who  
setts his hand for Receipt of the Same.

In this Office is entred the View of all Sheriffs  
Accounts & of other Accounts together w<sup>th</sup> the Sum  
of Each mans Debt thereupon.

Out of this Office Issues all process against Such Sheriffs  
as pass not their Accounts in due time.

He makes Entries of all Discharges of any Debts charged  
in the Sheriffs Accounts either by Virtue of the  
Kings Pardon or Privy Seal or by Warrant from the  
L<sup>d</sup> Treasurer or the Chancellor of the Exchequer or  
by Judgment or Order of the Court.

In this Office an Entry is made of Allowances given  
to Sheriffs by Warr<sup>t</sup> of the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> or of the Chan-  
cellor of the Exchequer for any extraordi<sup>nary</sup> Expenses.

From hence all process issues for all Debts that are  
charged in the Great Role of the Pipe and for all  
Debts in Super before the Auditors. w<sup>ch</sup> process goes out  
against the Bodies Goods & Lands of Debtor & if any



Levy be made, a Record is thereupon made up & the Money charged down into the Pipe upon the Sherriff, who is not discharged thereof untill he brings his Talley of Payment.

Out of this Office issue all process & Comissions against Recusants for seizing of their Goods & two parts of their Lands to satisfy their <sup>tax</sup> ~~tax~~ <sup>pen</sup> ~~pen~~ <sup>monem</sup> for not coming to Church according to the Statute.

From hence speciall Comissions are awarded, either by surveying of the Kings Lands or Woods or to enquire of Concealments by Warr<sup>t</sup> from the Treas<sup>r</sup> or Chancellor, or by Order from the Court.

In this Office are made and kept all Livories ouster le mains, & other Pleadings that concern and preserve the Kings Tenures



# Clerk of the Pipe

J.<sup>r</sup> Henry Croke Knt. hath his place by 2<sup>ros</sup> patents...  
under the Great Seal of England & of the Kings Gift...  
J.<sup>r</sup> Robert Croke his Son is Joynd in that patent with  
him, he is admitted & sworn in open Court before the  
Barons.

Reversion after them granted to Tho.<sup>t</sup> Jermyn and...  
Henry Jermyn Esq.<sup>r</sup>

He hath power by his patent to make a Deputy and  
hath eight sworn Clerks or Attorneys (whereof the two...  
Seniors are called Secondarys) Sworne & given by him  
viz.<sup>t</sup> Xopher Vernon & Wm Gifford Secondarys Richard  
Carroll Benjamin Wallinger John Billingsley Will.<sup>m</sup>  
Burnett Francis Boyton & Nicholas Heymoue.

John Burton & John Bonnet called Clerks of the...  
Boards, and are the Masters Clerks and attend on him  
but are not Sworne.

Christopher



Christopher Masters is his Deputy or Clerk for the Custody of all Records of the late Court of Augmentations

In this Office is made a Yearly Charge of all the antient Revenues of the Exchequer w<sup>ch</sup> were before the last Court of Augmentations and the First Fruits & Tithes.

He putteth in Charge Yearly in his Book, called the great Roll all Accompts of Sheriffs & Escheators all Accompts of Bayliffs, and men of certain Towns that are called to account by the Treasurer's Remembrancer.

He, after the Forreign Apposer hath made up the Sum of the Green Wax of every Sheriff & delivered the same into the Pipe, doth make the next charge of the Sheriff for the Green Wax w<sup>ch</sup> riseth of the Estreats of the Fines Issues & Amerciament<sup>s</sup> that come from the Kings Bench, Common Pleas, Justices of Assize the Kings or Treasurer's Remembrancers Side.

He chargeth every Sheriff w<sup>th</sup> his Casualties w<sup>ch</sup> are all manner of debts, as Reliefs, Fines, Amerciament<sup>s</sup>, Sheriffs debts recovered & such like that are drawn



down either from any Record or from the Remembrance  
of the Exchq<sup>r</sup> or from any other Ground Matter or  
Seizure of the Court & so brought together:

All Fee Farmers or any Rent reserved or other Farms  
that are to be paid at the Receipt of Exchq<sup>r</sup> or to the  
hand of the Sheriff to be charged & accounted for in  
the Pipe Office.

All manner of Debts recovered by Judgm<sup>t</sup> in the Kings  
Remembrancers Office are to be drawn down into the  
Pipe, & also of the Treas<sup>r</sup>s Remembrancer in like  
manner.

He hath yearly a Book called the Customs Roll into  
which every Customs charge is conveyed & the Debts  
and Remains, are from thence put into the great Roll  
and Summoud out from Schedules Pipe to be a Ground  
for the Treasurers Remembrancer to make process  
by

He hath the like Rolls by all Subsidies & Fifteenth,  
the Debts whereof are also conveyed into the great Roll  
to be charged & Summoud out or Written forth by  
process Schedules Pipe by the Treas<sup>r</sup>s Remembrancer.



All Accompts are to be engrossed in the Pipe and if any Debt remain upon the Accomptant to be written out, and likewise all under Supers that are sett off from any of the Accompts are to be written forth in process.

All such Debtors as pay their money into the Receipt are to have their Talloys joynd & allowed upon the Record in the Pipe Office & so to be acquitted.

The Residue that stands undischarged are writton out in process by the Comptroller of the Pipe to the Sherrieff who coming to Accompt chargeth himselfe with as many as be leviable, and for such other Debts as he returns the Debtors to be dead having no goods nor Chattels &c they are put into Schedules Pipe for the Lord Treasurers Remembrance to make out Process according to the antient Course of the Exchq.

All Convocations of Deuants certifid by the Clerk of the Assize & Clerks of the Peace are presently certifid into the Schedule Pipe for Process or Commissions to be made thereon out of the Treasurers Remembrance Office to Seize their Goods and two parts of their Lands.



He hath the drawing and making of all Leases of Lands  
that are to pass under the Exchequer Seal, all Leases  
upon Extents or Out Lawries, all Grants of Custodies,  
Stewardship, Baylywick and Gaugers.



# The Particular Heads of His Majestys Revenue certain & casuall — charged to the Pipe —

Certainly

The Vicontells, Custodis, Fee Farmers,  
The minute Farmers, being Rents reserv'd, Assart Lands  
Ulnages & New Draperies, Farmers of Customs  
Lands extended for Debts, and Granted by Lease,  
Lands extended for want of license of Allidation  
Rents reserved upon Licences, & Farmers of Customs, or  
Impositions Recusants Lands.

Debts drawn  
down into the  
pipe from the  
Kings Remem-  
brancers Office

Recognizances & Obligations recovered Forfeitures and  
Fines upon penal Statutes Spoyle of Woods  
Amerciaments upon Sheriffs  
Instalments of Debts by the Court  
Goods Return'd by Fi. Faci  
Fines in the Exchq. Chamber Fines upon Port Bonds  
Compositions for the penalty of Bonds  
Recognizance forfeited & the Debt paid  
Composition upon Redemption of Lands forfeited  
Compositions for new pence for non payment of Rent.



In the Exchequer  
Remembrances

Reliefs for Lands Fines for Respite of Homage  
Castleward, Rents of Dover, Amerciam.<sup>ts</sup> of Sheriffs Debts  
recovered upon Sheriffs & other Accomptants by way of  
Fi. Feci, Recusants Lands and Goods found by Comission.

Green Wax  
certified from y.  
forreign Apposer  
into the pipe.

Fines for License of Concordat.

Issues of Jurors before the Justices of Assize & Peace

Fines Amerciam<sup>ts</sup> & Recognizances before the Justice of  
Peace and Assize, Fines and Issues before the King,

Fines Issues and Amerciament<sup>s</sup> in the Chancery in the  
Common pleas and before the Barons of the Exchequer

Fines & Amerciament<sup>s</sup> before the Clerk of the Market &  
before the Comm.<sup>rs</sup> of Sewers.

In the Remembrances  
of the first fruits  
and Tenth.

Amerciament<sup>s</sup> of Sheriffs

In the Clerk of  
the pleas.

Amerciament<sup>s</sup> of Sheriffs

In the Clerk of  
the Nicholls.

Recogn<sup>d</sup> Nicholls before the Forreigne  
Apposer



The Sheriff,  
Foreign Accot

Rents of Lands seiz'd for want of Licence of Alienacion

Felon, Fugitives & attainted Mens Goods

Rent of Lands Seiz'd for Debts in the Kings and Lords

Treas Remembrancers Office



# Comptroller of the Pipe

Francis Vernon Esq<sup>r</sup> given and presented by the  
Chancellor of the Exchequer & Sworn in open Court

He is to be present in the Court at the Appraisal of every  
Sheriff upon the Farms & Debts by him written out to  
them by the Summons and is to make the Awards of the  
Court for every Farm & Debt in his Roll & to be made  
Privy to all manner of Discharges & to see that all  
Sheriffs & Accomptants be duly and justly charged by  
the Clerk of the Pipe & by the Auditors upon the  
casting out of their Court.

He writeth twice a Year the Summons of the Pipe to  
every Sheriff in the Realme, his first Summons every  
Hilary Terme of their Picondell, Fee Farms, and  
Oblate of Old Debts; his Second Summons every Trinity  
Terme wherein he writeth his Nova Oblata and  
Casualties.



# Surveyors of the Green wax

William Cholmley & Christopher Vernon, hold their places by Letters patents under the Great Seal of England & of the Kings Gift.

This is an Office newly erected for the taking a View of all the Green Wax monys, that it might be known how much that Revenue doth Yearly amount unto, and was intended for the prevention of the granting of it in Farme, but since this hath been farmed out at certain Rent they have been employed by the Farmers as Receivers of that Revenue; as I have been informed.



# Office of Pleas

George Long Esq. Ma<sup>r</sup> in the Gift of the Chancellor & Presented by him to the Court who admitted him by giving him his Oath by Virtue whereof he holds it during life, and hath no other Grants

He hath under him in his Gift, four Attorneys or Clerks, which he himself admits by giving them their Oath namely Sam<sup>l</sup>. Tovey, W<sup>m</sup>. Ball Dixey Long and Richard Palmer

There are pleaded in this Office all common pleas of the Exchequer according to the Course of the common Law

The Writs that issue originally from thence, are quo minus; which is a capias & a Subpœna upon either of w<sup>ch</sup> Writs when there is an Appearance made the proceedings therein are little different from the Course of the Kings Bench.



In this Office all the Officers of the Exchequer their  
Clerks & Servants, all his Maj<sup>ties</sup> Tenants & Farmers of  
his Lands & Tenements & all manner of Accomptants  
of the Court of Exchequer should be sued in, or may  
implead one another or any Stranger in an Action  
upon the Case or for Trespass Debt; Execcon firme,  
and such like, are sued in the Kings Bench.

He hath all Suits prosecuted in his Office betwene  
Party & Party that are removed out of any Court  
of Westminster by the Rce Book, or out of any Court  
of Record elsewhere in England by any Writt of ~~cess~~  
Privilege for any of the Said persons that are  
privileged as before to sue & to be sued only therein  
the Said Actions & no where else if they will in  
time claim & sue out their privilege.



# The two Chamberlains

The Chamberlains of the Exchequer are S<sup>r</sup> Nicholas Caryl & S<sup>r</sup> Edward Bash they have their offices granted them by Letters Patents under the Great Seal and of the Kings Gift, they are admitted & Sworne in open Court before the Barons.

They have two Deputy Chamberlains (besides those of the Receipt Side) namely Alexander Stafford and Winpage (w<sup>ch</sup> last is also Cursitor Baron of the Court these Deputies are presented by the Chief Chamberlains & then Sworn in Court, & have an Exemplification of their Admission out of the Excheq<sup>r</sup> Seal & by Virtue hereof do hold it during life.

The Chamberlains have places in the Exch<sup>r</sup> Chamber & may sett at the Hearing of Causes but do not at all intermeddle with any Causes, they have antiently been of Great Authority and Trust, but now have little to do in the Receipt save only by their Deputys.



Their two Deputy Chamberlains of the Court Side  
commonly called the Joyner of the Tallys do fetch the  
Foules of the Tallys from time to time from the Tally  
Court & do keep them in a Room appointed for that  
purpose under the Exchequer Court; when the parties do  
bring their Tallys they seek out the Foules of them  
to see if they do agree, & then they make them w.<sup>th</sup>  
a marking Iron & Deliver the Tallys into the Pipe  
Office where the Letter & the Sum thereof is entered,  
together with the Day of Joyning and there are  
filed, allowed & kept and then the Debt is discharged,  
but this Course of Joyning of Tallys is now little  
used and Quistus est taken from the Pipe Office  
instead thereof.



# First Fruits Office —

Remembrances of the First Fruits William  
Lord Harvey Granted by the King by Letters  
Patents under the Great Seal of England is admitted  
by taking Oath in open Court before the Barons.

Reversion hereof Granted . . . . . Rogers

He hath three Clerks or Attorneys granted sworn and  
admitted before him selfe by Virtue whereof they  
hold their places during Life the present Attorneys  
are W<sup>m</sup> Wheeler Mathias proffe & Tho<sup>s</sup> Baker.

These do take all the Bonds of the Clergy for paym<sup>t</sup>.  
of their First Fruits & give them four days of paym<sup>t</sup>.  
according to the Statute, they Certifie the Receiver  
in the Ma<sup>r</sup>s name from time to time what each  
Incumbant is to pay

And where there is failing of payment they make out  
process or Sequestations for recovery thereof, alsoe.



They make out process against Bishoppes & their  
Collectors that pay not their Tenths at time appointed

Receiver of the First Fruits Henry Knollis Esq.  
granted of the King by Letters Patents, puts in  
Security by the Appointment of the <sup>Ld</sup> Treasurer  
once a Year in Easter Terme for the Year ending  
the last of December before which are made up by  
one of the Auditors of the Imprests and declared  
before the Barons of the Exchequer.

There is a Reversion granted of this Receivers  
Place to John Howstone Esq.



# Foreign Apposer

George Evelyn in the Gift of the L<sup>d</sup> Treasurer and presented by him he sitting w<sup>th</sup> the Barons in Court, where he hath his Oath given him, when he is sworn the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> delivers him a Patent under his own hand & Seal w<sup>ch</sup> is recorded in the Severall Offices and then endorsed on the Backside & all the Barons sett their hands to it Testifying the time he was Sworne by virtue whereof he holds it during Life.

He causeth all Sheriffs to returne their Summons of Green Wax w<sup>ch</sup> are made out by the Clerk of the Exchequer at their days of Perfixation by him appointed he doth appose them thereupon & what he hath robd he tak<sup>s</sup> & the other he nichols & what belong to particular Bayliffe of Libertys he sett<sup>s</sup> over to them.

After Apposal he casts up all the Sheriffs charge into a Scrole being fairly Engraved in parchment and by him signed and then transcribed into the Pipe Office there



to remaine a Debt upon the Sherrieff which he must  
pay or otherwise discharge.

He Maketh forth Schedules to all Bayliffs of  
Libertys to collect such Monys as were sett over to them  
at the opposall of the Sherrieff, & what is not sett over  
& allotted to perticular Bayliffs of Libertyes shew  
to the Clerk of the Michels.

He likewise makes Certificate of all Justices Wages  
that were sitting at the Severall Sessions w<sup>ch</sup> is by him  
engrossed in parchment & Signed by one of the Barons  
& by him Carried to the Pipe Office, where the Sherrieff  
hath so much discharged of his Said Debt as that  
Allowance comes to.



# Clerk of the Eſtreats —

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Anthony Williams given by the L. Trear. admitted & Sworn before the Trear & Barons in open Court by Grant under the Hand & Seale of the Trear. & Signed by all the Barons, & holds it during life in the same manner as the Forreigne Apposer.

This Office receiveth from the Trears Remembrancer the Eſtreats of all Fines Issues & Amerciaments that are Eſtreated from Clerk of the Assize and Peace. Fines from the Kings Bench & Common Pleas. Clerk of the Markett & Com.<sup>rs</sup> of Sewers Issues and Amerciam.<sup>ts</sup> for not paying Respit of Hornage.

Out of every of these the Eſtreats what is for every County w.<sup>ch</sup> he writes out in Sumons of Green Wax to the Sevorall Sheriffs at the end of Hilary and Trinity Terme.



# - Clerk of the Nichols

John Loup is the present Officer, this is given and presented by the Chancellor of the Excheq<sup>r</sup>. He takes his Oath in open Court before the Barons & hath an Exemplification of his Admission under the Exchequer Seal by wherof he holds it during life.

He repairith to the Forraigne Apposer & Clerk of the Estreats every Year seeth what Nichols be marked in the whole Liberate of the Green Wax sent out that Year, which Nichells he issues that the Sheriffe, if apposed, do say be nothing worth & ill oviab<sup>l</sup>e. For the Insufficiency of parties that should pay the same wherupon he draws them down into Schedules or Rolles of parchment & Delivers them over to the Pipe Office, from whence process is again issued for the Recovery and levying thereof.



# Clerks of the Treasuries

They Taylor & Henry Coveny in the Gift of the Lord Chief Baron & sworn in open Court, they are to take the casual Accompts of Revenue of all Sheriffs Escheators, Bayliffs of Libertys & Mayors of Corporations, Wares, Strays, Felons Goods, Fugitives Outlawries &c And these do send out procefs to cause the Accomptants, to come & accompt before them.

They are to Receive out of the Treasuri Remembrance<sup>er</sup> Office sett down in the Roll of Straits there are Transcripts of Officers sent Yearly thither out of the Chancery<sup>er</sup> that be found by an Escheator through the Realme

They make up the whole Charge of the Escheators & other Accomptants & do deliver the Same to the Auditor that is Assignd; Engross & cast up the Acco.<sup>er</sup> which is done verbatim according to the parcells by them delivered.



# Auditors of the Imprests —

John Worfield & George Bingley Esq<sup>r</sup>. recommended by the Lord Trear & Granted by his Ma<sup>ty</sup> under the Great Seal of England during life they are sworn in open Court before the Barons or out of Terme. before the L<sup>d</sup> Trear. John Wood hath a Reversion granted to succeed the first of these that shall first fall. Void and Beare hath another Reversion to Succeed that of John Wood.

They do take the Accompts of all persons that receive his Ma<sup>ty</sup> monys upon acco<sup>t</sup>. to be disbursed upon any particular Services.

They also take the Accompts of all the great Accompt<sup>ts</sup>. for every Accomptant they make three Accompts w<sup>ch</sup> are by them engrossed & signed by the L<sup>d</sup> Treasurer and Chancellor; whereof one is for the party. another for themselves & the third to be delivered into the Pipe Office where it is to remain for a Record & if any money be found due upon any acco<sup>t</sup> d<sup>td</sup>. procs<sup>s</sup> issued from thence for the Recovery thereof



The Yearly Accompts by them taken are the Cofferer  
of his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> Household, Treas<sup>r</sup> of the Chamber Treas<sup>r</sup> of  
the Navy, Victualler of the Navy Master of the Great  
Wardrobe, Master of the Robes, Wardens of the mint,  
Master Worker of the Monys, paymaster of the Works,  
Clerk of the Faculties, Clerk of the Hanaper, Rec<sup>r</sup> of  
the First Fruits, Chief Butler of England, Lieutenant  
of the Ordnance; Ma<sup>r</sup> of the Armory, Mast<sup>r</sup> of the  
Posts, Ma<sup>r</sup> of the Tent, & pavillions, Ma<sup>r</sup> of y<sup>e</sup> Reevs,  
Farmers and Collectors of the Customs, Subsidies, and  
Imposts.



# The seven Auditors of the Excheq<sup>r</sup>

These places are granted by Letters patents under the Great Seal of England recommended by the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> & sworn in open Court before the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> & Barons.

A Reversion is granted to W<sup>m</sup> Hill to take the place upon the first Avoidance of any of the Seven in being

There is another Reversion granted to John Phillips to Succeed next after him, & a Third granted to Rob<sup>t</sup> Worrell to take place after M<sup>r</sup> Phillips.

The present Auditors together w<sup>th</sup> the Receivers are here under mentioned according to their severall Countys.

They take the Acco<sup>ts</sup> of the severall Rec<sup>rs</sup> according to their Divisions, w<sup>ch</sup> are engrossed in paper & brought in yearly before the 20<sup>th</sup> of March, and signed by the Lord Treas<sup>r</sup> or by the Chancellor of the Excheq<sup>r</sup> which remains w<sup>th</sup> the 4<sup>th</sup> Gen<sup>l</sup> Aud<sup>r</sup> Hill for a Comptroln<sup>t</sup> for the Year following.



The Accompt it selfe is afterwards engross'd in parchm<sup>t</sup>  
& declared before the Barons w<sup>ch</sup> remaines with the  
sev<sup>e</sup> Auditors according to their severall Divisions.

About Michas Yearly they all goe their Circuits & keep  
their Audits in their sev<sup>e</sup> Countys to take the Acco<sup>ts</sup> of  
Collectors, Bayliff, Tarners & Fee Tarners of his Ma<sup>ty</sup>s  
Lands, or of his casual Revenue within that County

They also take the Acco<sup>ts</sup> of the Bish<sup>p</sup>s Lands & Rents (sede  
vacante) and of all Collectors of subsidies & fifteenths  
of the Clergy & Layety granted by parlam<sup>t</sup> & of all  
Sheriffs & Escheators & all other Revenue Accompts,  
all Seizures made and conveyed into the forreign Acco<sup>t</sup>.  
are Engrossed by the severall Auditors.

The Sheriffs for Wales are Charged by that Auditor  
for all Groen Wax tolled there.

And the Sheriffs of Chester before the Auditor of the  
County & the Sheriffs of Lancaster & Durham the  
like by a late Order made by the Lords of his Ma<sup>ty</sup>s  
Privy Council.



The Rec.<sup>e</sup> Gen.<sup>e</sup> are granted by the Lord Treasurer & hath Letters patents under the Great Seal and hold their places during Life they put in Security in the Kings Remembrancers Office at the Appointm<sup>t</sup> of the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> by Warrant under his hand and are not Sworne.

There are no Reversions of these places at present but Some of these patents are Granted for two two,

These go their Circuits twice a year at our Lady day and Michas before w<sup>ch</sup> they send forth their procepts to his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> Farmers & Tenants, Collectors & Bayliffs to attend at a certain time and place by them therein appointed for the paying of his Rents & Dutys within their severall Countys.



# Aud.<sup>rs</sup> & Receivers Gen<sup>l</sup>

They are to account for the Year ended at Michas before the 20<sup>th</sup> of March following & to pay all their monys due upon the Determination of their Acco.<sup>s</sup> according to the Statute otherwise they & their Suretys may be extended & they forfeit their Offices besides

Auditors	Counties	Rec. <sup>rs</sup>
J <sup>r</sup> Edm <sup>r</sup> Sawyer Esq <sup>r</sup>	Kent	Henry Sandford &
	Surrey	J <sup>r</sup> Rich <sup>d</sup> Gurney
	Sussex	L <sup>d</sup> Mayor
	Bedford	} Tho: Daniel
	Buckingham	
	Oxford	} Mich <sup>l</sup> Holman & Mark
	Berks	
	Windsor Castle	} Cottle intrust for Rich <sup>d</sup> Holman. J <sup>r</sup> Rob <sup>t</sup> Bennet by order of the Exch <sup>r</sup> only M <sup>r</sup> Windsor present Rec <sup>r</sup> by pat <sup>r</sup> put out by the E. of Holland for M <sup>r</sup> deamean <sup>r</sup> . J <sup>r</sup> Charles Howard hath a Receicon of this



# Auditors Counties Receiv.<sup>rs</sup>

W <sup>m</sup> Hill	North Wales South Wales	Humphrey Jones W <sup>m</sup> Watkins
Justinian Povey	Essex Hertfordshire London & Middle. Suffolk Cambridge Norfolk Huntington	Nicholas Abbott Rich <sup>d</sup> Miller & Miller Gilbert Havers
W <sup>m</sup> Gwynne. ....	Terr. Lenox in Com. Ebor. Inheritance of King James be- fore he came to the Crown ..... Lincoln ..... Nottingham Darby . . . . Chester . . . .	Rob <sup>t</sup> Grimes John Harvy and Dan <sup>l</sup> Harvy Edw <sup>d</sup> Bass and Edw <sup>d</sup> Darling Humphrey Jones who is also Rec <sup>y</sup> for North Wales



# Auditors Counties Receiv.<sup>rs</sup>

	Southampton	}	Rob. <sup>t</sup> Seaver
	Wilts		
	Gloucester		
Rich. Kinsman.	Somerset	}	Fran. Crofts
	Dorset.		
	Devon.	}	..... Godolphin
	Cornwall		
	Lancaster	}	John Bradile
	Westmorland		
	Cumberland.---		
	Northampton	}	J. <sup>r</sup> George Bengon
	Rutland		
Fran. Phillips	Warwick.	}	Wm Greene
	Leicester		
	Stafford	}	Wm Geere
	Hereford		
	Salop		
	Wigorne		



Auditors Counties Receiv.<sup>rs</sup>

Essex

Thomas Blank

John Blank

Northumberland  
Arch-deaconry of  
Richmond and  
Bishoprick of  
Durham

John Bradile-patentee  
for Tho. Clopton  
Kecusan executed by  
Commission by Major  
Norton

Reversions Rob. Worralle  
— M<sup>r</sup> Phillips —



# Revenue of Renewals

Receiver of this Revenue S<sup>r</sup> George Wentworth K<sup>t</sup>  
& of the Eleven Countys beyond Trent.

Rob<sup>t</sup> Long Esq<sup>r</sup> for all England on this Side Trent, those  
places are granted by his Majesty by L<sup>tes</sup> patents and  
hold during life, they are to put in Security into the  
Exchequer for their due Accompting & answering the  
Revenue as the S<sup>r</sup> Treasurer shall appoint.

This Office was first erected about fifteen years since  
the Earl of Marlborough being Treasurer before w<sup>ch</sup>  
time the Revenue was immediately paid into the  
Exchequer without any charge to his Majesty for the  
receiving thereof.

The Accompts of these R<sup>cs</sup> were taken by the Aud<sup>r</sup>  
of the Imprests untill three or four Years since.

Auditors of this Revenue lately erected Hon. S<sup>r</sup>  
& Phillip Darroll & the longest lived of them by L<sup>tes</sup>  
patents under the Great Seal in his Majesties Gift



John Bullford appointed Agent by Warrent under his  
Ma.<sup>ty</sup> signe. manual for the Indictments & Comissions  
of Recusants and for the Inquisitions & Composicons of  
the two thirds of their Estates & for their Goods.

John Pompier was appointed by the late Com<sup>rs</sup> for  
Recusants in the North for the Indictment Convicti  
on & prosecution of the Recusants in the Eleven  
Northern Counties & to draw them to compound.



# Dutchy Revenue—

Receiver of the Revenue of the Dutchy of Lancaster  
hold by L<sup>tes</sup> patents under the

..... Napier Rec<sup>y</sup> of the Revenue of the Dutchy  
of Cornwall.

Auditor for this Revenue ..... Downes

W<sup>m</sup> Long hath a patent granted him for the  
Reversion of this place.



# Marshal of the Exchequer

Edmond Thorold is the present Officer by Gift of the Earl Marshall & holds by Letters patent under the Great Seal during life; & is admitted & Inworne by the Barons in open Court Nathaniel Thorold joynd in the Kings Gift

He is an Officer to whom the Court of Exchequer sometimes commits the Custody of such as they will not for for the time send to the Fleet, but do think fit some time in that cause to be committed.

He assigneth in open Court all Sheriffs Escheators & Customs Collectors of Subsidies & such like Accomptants to such of the Auditors as he thinks fit for the taking of their Occomph

He receiveth all Officers that Escheators do find (virtute officij) & delivereth them in Court into the Treasurers Remembrancers Office to be held by the Roll



of Estreats there to the parcell makers, to charge  
the Same in the Escheators Accompts and takes a  
Note under the Hand of the Clerk that Receiveth  
the Same



# Usher of the Exchequer

Clement Walker hath his place by Inheritance from Edward the Second time, he hath four Ushers under him & by him presented & Sworne in open Court which do hold their places during life namely Rich. Banks, Thomas Colchester Wm Over & Xpther Vere.

These attend on the Barons & Officers of the Court at their coming & going & are in the Nature of their Clerks of their Courts, they call all Jurors Witnesses & persons appointed to attend the Court, they make in open Court, call noises Silence & Proclamation of Sheriffs & other Accountants both at and after their dayes of prefixion... & times appointed them by Law & Course of of the Court & whatsoever else the Court shall command.

The Chief Usher hath Six Messengers presented by him & Sworne in open Court for the Carrying of all procces, Com. <sup>res.</sup> port books &c to all parts of England & Wales, <sup>10.</sup>ch also hold their places during life Namely William



Over Thomas Colchester Tither Vine, John Harris  
Charles Bright & Rich Banks, he hath also a  
Chamber keeper & Court keeper Tither Vine but he  
is no sworn Officer

The Chief Usher hath the Custody of the Court  
Exchequer Chamber and House w<sup>th</sup> all the Appertinances  
& hath the Generall keeping of all the Records there,  
and waits upon the Lord Treasurer & Chancellor when  
they come there, & serves the Court & all the Offices  
with all kind of necessarys as paper Inke Standishes  
Statute Book, &c. for which he hath his Liberate for  
the Allowance & payment thereof sign'd by the  
Chancellor of the Exchequer.

And his Six Messengers as they performe their Service  
in carrying of procces &c. have likewise their Bill  
signed by the Chancellor, they are from time to time  
to deliver to the Sheriffs and all others whom it  
concerns the Kings procces &c. and are to take a  
Bill subscribed by them or their under Sheriffs for  
the Receipt thereof w<sup>ch</sup> the Chief Usher at their  
Returne doth examine by his book that he keeps of



all the Kings procefs that are delivered out every Terme  
wherein is sett & totald up the Number of Writts and  
Procefs that gooth out & to what Sherriff and from  
what Office they are sent.

at Shing. und. uncal.



# The two Appraisers

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Hugh Hubbard & Robert Neale are in the Gift of the Chancellor of the Exchq. by him presented and admitted by taking oath in open Court by Virtue whereof they hold their places during life.

These Officers prave all goods and Merchandize; that any Informacon is put against in the Exchequer as Seiz'd by Virtue of the Statute.

They have first a Writt of Appraisment directed unto them from the Court under the Exchequer Seal by virtue whereof they weigh, Number, and Value the Commodities so Seiz'd, & do then Returne the Writt back againe together with their Valuation, in an Indenture under their Hands & Seals annexed therunto.

And when the Goods are condemned Proclamation is made in open Court of the Value by them apprais'd at, & if no man comes in & gives more the Goods are



Sold at the Same Rate, according to Which his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> is  
answered his Moiety of the Seizure.



# Surveyors General—

J.<sup>r</sup> Charles Herbert Kn.<sup>t</sup> in his Ma<sup>t</sup>s Gift by Letters  
Patents under the Great Seal of England

Steward of his Ma<sup>t</sup>s Honnors Lordships & Mannors  
Collectors of the dispers'd Revenues in the severall Countys  
Bayliffs of his Ma<sup>t</sup>s Mannors &c. in the sev<sup>l</sup> Countys  
Woodwards of severall Countys  
Guagers of the severall Ports

These sev<sup>l</sup> Officers above mencon'd are granted by  
Patent under the Exchq<sup>r</sup>s Seal during Pleasure by  
Warrant of the L<sup>d</sup> Treor & Chancellor of the Exchq<sup>r</sup>  
& those that are to have the Charge of any of his  
Ma<sup>t</sup>s Revenue do first put in Security into the Kings  
Remembrancers Office before their Grants do pass the  
Seal











The severall Officers of the Receipt  
of Exchequer in whose Gift & how ad-  
mitted, w<sup>th</sup> a brief Collection of the Chief  
Heads of what every Officer usually doth  
by Virtue of his Office, according to the  
Statute of the Receipt at this day Jan: 1642

## Chamberlains of the Excheq.<sup>r</sup>

The two Chamberlains are S<sup>r</sup> Nicholas Carey and S<sup>r</sup>  
Edward Bask mention'd before in Folio ( ) these  
Officers have antiently been of Great Authority &  
Trust & have had the Cheesting & Custody of Trer:  
as is inform'd but now have little to do but by their  
Deputys.

Their Deputys or underchamberlains are Scipiole  
Esq<sup>r</sup>. Thomas Fawconbridge which are in their Gift  
and Nomination and by them presented and are Sworne



The Under Chamberlains of the Receipt of Exchq. have each of them a Fee & the Lord Treasr Clerk another and do keep the Records of State. (Arcana Imperij) as Golden Leagues Contracts, Wills & Joyntures of Kings and Princes, all Leagues & princ. Negotiations of State Forreigne & Domestick, till the Lord Treasr Salisbury took the papers of his time & erected an Office of Clerk of the papers for his Security & Thomas Wilson w<sup>th</sup> a Charge upon the King of 100 £ Ann. for the keeping thereof, which hath so continued ever since.

They ought to receive by Indenture of the Secretaries of State all Leagues & Contracts of Forreigne Princes the Last being that of Denmark, the rest ought to be but are not brought into the Sanctum Sanctorum where they ought to be kept.

There also they have the Essays of Gold & Silver commonly called the Tryall pieces whereby the Mint is comptrolld with w<sup>ch</sup> they wait on the Lords at the Triall of the piece

There are also diverse Regallities of the King dome as the Staff of the Contrabulary, Seals of Aulnage &c.



In the Abbey Treary being late the Chapter House  
are the Plea Rolls & Fines & other Records of the  
Law from the Conquest till Richard the third time  
which the Vice Chamberlain, exemplify & transcribe  
to the Subtre & returne them upon Certiorari under  
their hands as Occation requires

In the Pallace Chamber they have Cardinal Wodseys  
Papers, Traytors Evidences, the old Stamps for Coyne,  
rolls of Exitus Introitus, Books of Victualling & Building,  
Orders of S.<sup>t</sup> George & S.<sup>t</sup> Michael, H., & Divorce,  
and many other Records of Remarkable consequence.

They have also the keeping seizing & delivering, of  
the Subject all the Standards of Weights & measures  
of England.

They have also the keeping of all Records of the Law  
(viz<sup>t</sup>) Cor Reges. Banco Justic. Itinerat. Justic  
ad Forestas Justic ad Assisas &c, which they copy  
and transcribe as well to the Subject as to the King.



They have the two most antient & most used Records of England viz! The Books of Domesday and the Black Book, the first being an Survey in the 20.<sup>th</sup> year of the Conqueror, the second is de necessarijs de Scio. observant & the Originall & Ground of the establishing & the manner & proceeding of all the Officers of the Exchequer, wherein all the Oaths of the Officers of the Receipt are also enrolled w.<sup>ch</sup> the Senior Vice Chamberlain usually administred to them in presence of the Lord Treasr. Chancellor or Com.<sup>r</sup> when they are Sworne.

There are also Letters of privilege & Exemptions granted from hence for the finding of all those that are Resident at the Exchequer from publick service in person or by finding men Armes, or Money they being to attend the Lord Treasr. Commands in waiting upon the Treasry with their Men Horser & Armes when Occation shall require.

They have also the Keeping of the Seal of the Court of Receipt w.<sup>ch</sup> hath been of use in former times but not of late.



They do cleave & examine all Talbys with the Entry  
of the Clerk of the Poll, & Clerk or Writer of the  
Talbys by the Tellers bill; in whose custody it remains  
& then they deliver the Talbys to the partyes and do  
keep the Files in the Chest (to which each of them  
have a severall Lock and Key) untill the Joyners  
of Talbys w<sup>ch</sup> are the other Deputy Chamberlains  
fetch them away.



# Aud.<sup>or</sup> of the Receipt

J.<sup>r</sup> Robert Pye Kn.<sup>t</sup> in the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> Gift & hath  
a Grant under the Lord Treas<sup>r</sup> Seal & of late time  
granted by Letters patent, under the Great Seal of  
England & is admitted by taking Oath before

This Officer hath been heretofore accounted no other  
than the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> Clerk & Scriptor Talliarum and  
now lives in that house which J.<sup>r</sup> Walter Mildmay  
possessed as under Treas<sup>r</sup> in the Excheg<sup>r</sup> his Clerk  
that attends in the Tally Court takes the Under Tellers  
bills and the Tally that is squared and Notched by  
the Tally Cutter & writes the words of the bill =  
verbatim upon two opposite Sides thereof which being  
clown the one makes the Tally & the other the foile  
which being Examined he keeps the Tellers bill and  
enters all of them fair into a book.

He keeps the Lord Treas<sup>r</sup> Key of the Records remaining  
in the Treasury whereof the Under Chamberlains have  
likewise Keys.



This Clerk that attends in the Office enters all <sup>L<sup>ds</sup></sup> Patents for all Fees, Ann.<sup>ty</sup> & all privy Seals for paym.<sup>t</sup> and Issuing all Monys out of the Receipt & makes all Vouchers for Fees & Ann.<sup>ty</sup> w.<sup>ch</sup> are signed & directed to the Tellers to be paid by the Auditors alone, and also Draweth up all orders upon privy Seals for the Signature of the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> and Under Treas<sup>r</sup> and now doth direct at the lower end of each Order how much and by which of the Tellers any monys shall be paid upon the Said Order

He also now taketh the Tellers Certificates and Acco.<sup>ts</sup> weekly or as often as is required severally & draws up all into one Acco.<sup>t</sup> He (w.<sup>th</sup> the Clerk of the pells) Strikes all Tallys of Assignm.<sup>t</sup> & pro.<sup>ts</sup> whereof there are many now a dayes besides those settled by Act of Parliament and takes the Acquittances of the parties as Accomptants themselves & no man to comptroll them the Tellers not being charged therewith or made privy thereto & then they involve together adding those things into the Certificate amongst the Tellers Receipts & payments w.<sup>ch</sup> Certificates are Weekly delivered to the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> and Chancellor of the Exch<sup>q</sup>.



He makes out Imprest Certificates for all Accompts  
to charge them withall which also is a Ground for  
process to issue (if need require) out of the Kings Re=  
membrances Office to compell them to account



# Clerk of the Pells

S.<sup>r</sup> Edward Wardour & Edward Wardour his Son  
Joynd in patent with him in the Gift of the Lord  
Treas & Under his Seal & is admitted by taking Oath  
before the Lord Treas & Under Treas and holds  
during life.

The Clerk of the Pells is called in Record Clericus Dni  
Thesaurarij & Scriptor Pellium.

It is the Office appointed for Recording all Receipts  
& Payments made by the Tellers in the Receipts & hath  
severall Clerks under him, one that enters all Warrants  
Orders & Debentures for the issuing of Monys & writts  
recorded upon them before the Tellers makes payment  
therof.

He hath also another Clerk in the Tally Court that  
writes all the Tellers Bills, and writes Recordatur upon  
them & examines the Tally with his book before it pass  
& with the Auditor of the Receipt Striker Tallyes of



Assignment & pro without the Tellers privy or  
Warrant as before is expressed.

This Clerk also maketh out Constats of all Receipts to be  
sued out before the allowing of any Talley & granting  
any Quistus est from the Pipe Office.

He also enters all Letters patents & privy Seals for  
issuing of Monys out of the Receipt & makes up  
Certificates of all Rec<sup>ts</sup> & payments of the Tellers to which  
he adds Talley of Assignment & pro in like Forme, as  
the Auditor doth & delivers one to the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> & another  
to the Under Treas<sup>r</sup> of the Exchequer.



# The Four Tellers of the Excheq.<sup>r</sup>

John Brooks, Arthur Squibb Edward Pitt and John Saville, they hold their Offices by Letters patents under the Great Seal of England by the Kings Gift, they give Bonds with Sureties for performance of their Dutys & are admitted by taking Oath before the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> or Under Treas<sup>r</sup> of the Excheq.<sup>r</sup>

There are three Reversions namely Lawrence Squibb Lawrence Swetnam & Arthur Squibb to Succeed in the next places that shall fall void.

They are to Receive all monys payable in the Receipt of Exchequer & hath the Revenue divided and Assigned to each Teller according to the Countyes and Quality of the Revenue.

They attend constantly every Morning throughout the Year (except Sundays and the Great Festivals) and in the afternoone when need requires for the Receiving and paying of his Maj.<sup>ties</sup> Treasure there.



When any money is brought they immediately tell  
the same & forthwith thereupon do make a Bill in  
parchment under their hands expressing the Name of  
the party, the County and the Sum & for what cause  
the same is paid, which Bill is then thrown down  
to the Tally Court whither the party repairs to...  
receive his Tally.

They pay no money upon any Order Debenture or  
Warrant unless it be signed or directed by the Ad<sup>e</sup>  
of the Receipt & also recorded in the Office of the  
Clerk of the polls & Recordatur written thereupon

They weekly or as often as is required do make up an  
exact Account or Certificate with the Auditor of  
the Receipt (which formerly hath been done w<sup>th</sup> the  
Under Treasurer) of all Rec<sup>ts</sup> & paym<sup>ts</sup> in their severall  
Offices whereby is certainly known the particular  
Remain in every Tellers hand upon all Occasions

They keep every of them a fair book of every dayes  
Receipt out of which halfe Yearly at Easter & Mich<sup>as</sup>  
they engross the same in another book collecting &  
sorting every Branch of the Revenue to their severall  
Heads & Titles which afterwards is by them fairly



Engrossed in parchment together with the Issues &  
payments, & thereof making a true & exact Acco<sup>t</sup>.  
for the halfe Year w<sup>ch</sup> formerly hath usually been  
delivered over to the Pipe Office, there to remain  
a Record for his Majesty.



# The Tally Cutter

John Elston in the  $L^d$  Treas Gift & holdeth his Place by Grant under the Treas hand and is admitted by taking Oath before the  $L^d$  Treas, or Under Treas of the Exchequer by virtue whereof he holds his Place during life.

He provideth season'd wood of Haxle for Tallies, Squaroth them & when any Bill comes down from the Tellers, he first takes the Same & cuts Notches upon the Tallys according to the Sum mentioned in the Bill, having a certain rule of proportion for the Bigness & Fashion of the Notches of every Denomination, of 1000, 100, 20 <sup>£</sup>pounds Sterling, Shillings pence and Farthings

And having fitted the T he wroath the Bill about it & then doth cast the Same into the Court to the Clerk that writes the Tallys.



# Usher of the Rec.<sup>t</sup> of Excheq.<sup>r</sup>

Roger Bowyer by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England by the Gift of  
& is admitted by taking Oath before the Lord Treasurer & Under Treas., and holds it during life.

He hath the keeping of the outer doors & passages of the Receipt the Treasury Chamber & the Court of Star Chamber, and hath the Charge of Repairing & keeping them Clean & is to attend the Lord Treas. & Under Treas. when ever they come there & waits upon the. Tally Court & all the Officers of the Rec.<sup>t</sup> & provides & furnisheth them with all kind of Necessaries belonging to their Office, as Paper Ink Books Bags Standishes &c. and of late time did also provide paper & Ink for the Two Secrys of State

He hath also by another patent which formerly hath been a distinct Office from the other the providing of parchment & parchment books for all the Officers of the



Receipt & is to carry the Keys of the Treary House  
of Records when the Lord Trears Clerk & Deputy  
Chamberlain do go thither to make any Search



# Four Messengers of the Receipt

Robert Benbow Tho.<sup>s</sup> Benbow Rob.<sup>t</sup> Johnson .....

which hold their places by L<sup>tes</sup> Patents under the Great Seal of England, of the Kings Gift & are admitted by taking Cath before the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> & under Treas<sup>r</sup>. of the Exchequer

W<sup>m</sup> Coxe hath a Reversion granted to Succeed the first of these that shall next fall void & Henry Davison hath a Grant of the next.

These did antiently attend the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> and Under Treas<sup>r</sup> and the Officers of the Receipt where they now have but little Employment.

They have the Charge of Carrying all proclamacions to all parts of the Kingdom & for all Letters and proceps to the Customs & Officers of the ports, are to go & ride whensoever the Lord Treas<sup>r</sup>. shall command them.



Orders Rules & Instructions to be  
observed & executed by the Remembrancer of  
his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> First Fruits & Comptrolor of y.  
Same Revenue, the Receivours, y. Auditors &  
all others who are or may be concerned in  
relation to the Said Revenue of First Fruits  
and Tenths.

---

That the Remembrancer do not make any Composition  
but what the consent & approbation of the Comptrolor &  
that they both sign such Composition, and that the  
Comptrolor shall from time to time at his pleasure have  
as good Access to the Surveys heretofore returned of the  
Values of Ecclesiasticall promotions & Benefices, as to the  
other Records & Books appertaining to the S<sup>d</sup> Revenue  
of First Fruits and Tenths for his better Information &  
Guidance in his Ma.<sup>ty</sup> Service.

That if any Incumbant or Incumbents are or shall  
be willing to pay down to the Rec<sup>r</sup>. in ready money at  
the time of Composition the whole Tax or Duty due  
from him respectively for his or their First Fruits,



Such Incumbent or Incumbents shall be permitted so to do, & in Such cases no Fee whatsoever shall be demanded or taken by any of the Officers aforesaid.

That if any Incumbent or Incumbents be willing to take up their Said Bonds already entered into and pay... them off at one entire payment before they become due; in such case they shall have Liberty so to do, & no Fee be demanded by the Remembrancer or Rec<sup>d</sup>. for the Same:

That a Return of Bonds be annually taken by the Remembrancer, Comptroler, and that the Comptroler, shall have a power of Retrospecting to Search and examine whether the Remembrancer & other Officers belonging to the first fruits & Tithes have faithfully executed their respective Trusts and Thereupon to make such Representations to Us as may import his Ma<sup>ty</sup> Service.

That the Bonds so remaining & all others that shall be taken hereafter be immediately numbered & locked up w<sup>th</sup> two distinct locks, one key to be kept by the Remembrancer the other by the Comptroler.



That the Comptroler do not deliver out any Bonds without an Acquittance be produced under the Rec<sup>r</sup>. Hand, that the Money due upon the said Bond be fully paid.

That no procefs of what nature or kind soever issue out of the Remembrancers Office, but what shall be signed both by the Remembrancer & Comptroler.

That the Remembrancer do forthwith upon the Receipt of any Returns from the Bishoppes or otherwise of Institutions and Inductions communicate them to the Comptroler and that the Comptroler do make Entries thereof in Book, for that purpose.

That the Comptroler do keep exact & fair Entries of all Matters & Things relating to the said Revenue of First Fruits & Tenths w<sup>ch</sup> may be a perfect Comptrol upon the Acc<sup>t</sup>. of the Remembrancer in such method and manner as the said Comptroler shall find most necessary for his Majestys Service, and that the said Remembrancer & Rec<sup>r</sup>. do Submit to the keeping of the Comptroll.



That the Comptroler do from time to time examine  
signe & attest the Remembranc<sup>es</sup> Acco<sup>t</sup> of Compositions  
before it be rec<sup>d</sup> by the Auditors.

That the Comptroler & Rec<sup>r</sup> do quarterly compare  
their books of Rec<sup>ts</sup> to see whether more money hath  
not been answered to the King than Acquittances  
have been produced to the Comptroler that proce<sup>ss</sup> may  
not issue to the Harrising the Subject when there  
only wants the formality of taking up the Bond.

That so soon as the States of the Rectorys Vicarages  
&c. are made out by the Remembrancer they be forth-  
with transmitted to the Comptroler that so he may  
speak with the party to know if they will pay down  
their First Fruits, & see that much time  
for the respective payments be not given to such  
as shall not pay them down.

That the Books of Value in the Remembrancers  
Office be compar<sup>d</sup> with the Auditors in order to  
adjusting one w<sup>th</sup> the other.



That the Auditor receive no Consts but what shall be signed by the Remembrancer & Comptroller.

That as well these Instructions as a Table of the antient Fees be sett up in the Office that all Persons concerned may take notice thereof and know what they have to do.

That no Fee be demanded on Acco.<sup>t</sup> of process but when it is actually issued.

That in case the B.<sup>ps</sup> do not make their Returns duly, the Remembrancer & Comptroller be directed to write to their Lordships to quicken them.

That a convenient time be allowed the Comptroller for Examining all such process as shall from time to time issue either for First Fruits or Tenths and that the Returns thereof be communicated to the Comptroller.

That such Method be followed for bringing in the First Fruits due from the B.<sup>ps</sup> as shall now or hereafter be directed by us or the Ex.<sup>d</sup> Treasr for the time being the B.<sup>ps</sup> not being in process as other Clergy are.



That as fifth Bonds are taken they be kept on the  
File & not altered from time to time unless when the  
partys pay down the whole Dutys and Tax, in such  
Case it shall be permitted.

That all Returns, from the Bus<sup>is</sup> upon writs or  
Certiorari be entred by the Comptroler & all Fees  
thereupon or otherwise for discharge of Bonds &c  
according to the Act of Parliament be both entred  
and Signed by the Comptroler.

Whitehall  
Treary Chamb<sup>rs</sup>  
Sept 5<sup>th</sup> 1690.

Jn<sup>o</sup> Lonther  
R. Hampden  
St. Fox.

Intrat 12<sup>o</sup>. die Sept. 1690  
coram B. Brydgis Aud.<sup>m</sup>

Intrat in Officio alter. duor.  
Auditor. primitiar. & Decimar. As  
& R<sup>ne</sup> xxj.<sup>mo</sup> die Sept. 1690.

D. Pircon Dep<sup>s</sup>. Aud.<sup>r</sup>



# An Order of the Treasury

for looking up the Out Cash in the Tellers  
Offices

After our hearty Commendations, Whereas We are informed that the out Cash (that is to say the Money w<sup>ch</sup> is daily taken out of the Chests to satisfy Deb<sup>ts</sup> or Orders lying ready to be paid to persons who did not attend or call for the same) is lately much increas'd & doth amount to a considerable Sum of Money w<sup>ch</sup> at present remaines in the hands of the Tellers (Bks & do very much exceed the Security given by the respective Tellers to the King. We being desirous as much as in us lyds for the Security as well of his Maty as of the Paid Persons who neglect & delay to fetch the Money directed for them, do hereby will & require you from henceforth upon Monday in every weeke if it be not a holy-day & if it be then upon the next day that is not a Holyday, to Examine each Teller's Vouchers for the payments he shall actually have made & when you shall thereby have informed yo<sup>r</sup>.



self from time to time have or ought to have in  
their hands, that you do visit the Same & cause the Said  
Out Cash to be lockt up and Secured in the Same, ---  
Manner as the Cash in the Chest is Secured, untill  
the respective Parties shall call for the Same, who  
upon their Application, are from time to time to be  
satisfyed in the Same Manner as if they had came  
for the money when it was first paid out for them ---  
respectively & for so doing this shall be your -----  
Warrant



The whole Revenue of the Crowne is or ought to be paid at the Receipt of Exch<sup>g</sup>. to the four Tellers there daily attending who receive the same according to the Division of the Natures of the Money, & the Places from whence it ariseth. Viz<sup>t</sup>

## The Division of England between y<sup>e</sup> Four Tellers

Receivers Bayliffs Farmers Fed Farmers of their Mats Lands	Sheriffs Rescuants Instalments Seizures Fines and all Casualties	Subsidys of the Laydy	Ann <sup>l</sup> Tenths & Subsidys of the Clergy by their Diocessors and Temp <sup>l</sup> & Sede vacante	Customs Excise & all other great Payments
Tho: Howard Esq. South Wilts Glocester Devon Cornw <sup>l</sup> Lincoln Suffolk Cambridge	Warw <sup>l</sup> Leicester Northton Rutland Suffolk York Hert <sup>l</sup> Stafford all Wales	South <sup>n</sup> Wilts Glocester Devon Cornw <sup>l</sup> Lincoln	London Rochester Norwich Salisbury Oxford	Alternatim
In: Loving Esq. Essex Hert <sup>l</sup> Lond <sup>n</sup> Midd <sup>x</sup> Dor <sup>l</sup> Somers <sup>l</sup> Notting <sup>m</sup> Derby North Durham Chester	Essex Hert <sup>l</sup> Lond <sup>n</sup> Midd <sup>x</sup> Dor <sup>l</sup> Somers <sup>l</sup> Devon Cornw <sup>l</sup> Leicest <sup>l</sup> Lancast <sup>l</sup> Westm <sup>l</sup>	Essex Hert <sup>l</sup> Lond <sup>n</sup> Somerset Dorcest <sup>l</sup> Notting <sup>m</sup> Derby Lancast <sup>l</sup> Huntingt <sup>n</sup> Worcester	Can <sup>t</sup> York Chester Exeter Apsch Carlile Ely	Alternatim
Fra: Villers Esq. Northton Rutland Stafford Hertford Warw <sup>l</sup> Leicester York Wales	Berke Bucks Oxon Wilts Dorby Glocester Notting <sup>m</sup> Lincoln Durham Northumb <sup>l</sup> Monmouth	Bedford Bucks York Hertford Midd <sup>x</sup> Leicester North <sup>n</sup> Rutland Salop Stafford Warw <sup>l</sup> Wales Durham & Household	S <sup>t</sup> Davids Landoff Winton Glocester Durham Bath & Wells Worcester & Peterborough	Alternatim
Kent Surrey Sussex Oxon Berke Norfolk Hunt <sup>l</sup> Lancast <sup>l</sup> Westmorland Cumberland Worcest <sup>l</sup> Salop Bed <sup>l</sup> Bucks	Kent Surrey Sussex Cambridge Norfolk Huntington Worcester Salop Bedford Chester Cumberland	Kent Surrey Sussex Norfolk Cambridge Chester Oxford Berke Suffolk Cumberland Westmorland	Bangor Lincoln Hert <sup>l</sup> Bristol Coventry and Evesham Chester	Alternatim

Upon Receipt of any Money y<sup>e</sup> tellers draw a Bill in Lattin writ in parchment containing the place from whence the money arose, The Account<sup>l</sup> name by whom paid, y<sup>e</sup> Nature of y<sup>e</sup> Branch it consists of & y<sup>e</sup> Sum rec<sup>d</sup> w<sup>l</sup> bills are as various as y<sup>e</sup> Branches of y<sup>e</sup> Revenue



# A Particular of Some Bills of the Tellers upon Receipt of Money.

## Rec.<sup>rs</sup> of Land

Southf.<sup>n</sup> & mo  
Aprilis 1692

J. A. B. Receptor Generali Terrar. R<sup>s</sup> R<sup>na</sup>  
in Comitatu p<sup>d</sup>dict debet sup Comp<sup>ms</sup> .....

6<sup>l</sup>  
5

Pasche Ann R<sup>s</sup> & R<sup>na</sup> W & M. ....

iii<sup>l</sup> 10

## A Sherriff.

Elor. xj. mo  
Aprilis 1692

J. A. B. Ar. Vicecomit ibm de Exitib Ballive  
p<sup>r</sup> p<sup>r</sup> dimid anni finit ad For<sup>m</sup> pasche Ann<sup>o</sup>  
R<sup>ni</sup> R<sup>s</sup> & R<sup>na</sup> Willi & Mariae quarto .....

6<sup>l</sup> 9<sup>s</sup> 2<sup>d</sup>  
xxvj. xviij. iij

Pasche Anno R<sup>s</sup> & R<sup>na</sup> W & M. ....

iii<sup>l</sup> 10

## A Seizure

Middx xij. mo  
Apr. 1692

J. A. B. Gent. p<sup>r</sup> medietate p<sup>r</sup>otij seprat p<sup>r</sup>ecet  
Instito Torinse p<sup>r</sup>ecet Nicotian. Exotic. p<sup>r</sup> ipm  
(tang<sup>m</sup> fort) scit appropriat. et recuperat p<sup>r</sup> Hillar.  
Record Anno Tertio R<sup>s</sup> et R<sup>na</sup> W<sup>m</sup> et Mariae. R<sup>o</sup> .....

6<sup>l</sup> 9<sup>s</sup> 2<sup>d</sup>  
xxvj. xvij. 5

Pasche Ann. R<sup>s</sup> et R<sup>na</sup> W & M. ....

iii<sup>l</sup> 10

## Toll Money.

Northampton  
v. Maij 1690

J. A. B. Gen. Receptor. Genti ibm donar.  
p<sup>r</sup>ovision<sup>m</sup> p<sup>r</sup> le poll et aliter Anno primo  
R<sup>s</sup> et R<sup>na</sup> concess ad Reductionem Hibornia .....

6<sup>l</sup>  
a<sup>z</sup> a<sup>z</sup>.

Pasche Ann. R<sup>s</sup> et R<sup>na</sup> W & M. ....

ii<sup>l</sup> 20



Lincoln xxv.<sup>1o</sup>  
Maij 1691

3<sup>o</sup> Aid

J. A. B. Gen. Receptore Genti ibm auxilij  
ij  $\frac{1}{2}$  Libr et addiconalis auxilij vij  $\frac{1}{2}$  Libr  
p uno ann. fact partit anno j.<sup>mo</sup> Rs & Rna concps

az<sup>t</sup>  
} iiij

Tasche Ann Rs & Rna W & M . . . . . iiij<sup>o</sup>

1<sup>st</sup> 12<sup>mo</sup> Aid

Lincoln xxv.<sup>do</sup>  
Maij 1691.

J. A. B. Gen. Receptor. Gen ibm Auxilij xvi  $\frac{1}{2}$  <sup>az</sup>  
viij  $\frac{1}{4}$  xvij. anno ij<sup>do</sup> Rs & Rna concps

az<sup>t</sup>  
} az<sup>t</sup> az<sup>t</sup> az<sup>t</sup>

Tasche ann Rs & Rna W & M . . . . . iiij<sup>o</sup>

2<sup>o</sup> 12<sup>mo</sup> Aid

Notting<sup>m</sup> xxv.<sup>o</sup>  
Maij 1691.

J. A. B. Gen. Receptor. Genti ibm Auxilij  
xviij<sup>az</sup> . viij  $\frac{1}{4}$  xvij. anno tertio Rs et Rna concps  
ad gerend bellum vegetum contra Franc

az<sup>t</sup>  
} xj

Tasche Ann Rs et Rna W & M . . . . . iiij<sup>o</sup>

Quarterly Poll

Dorbie xx.<sup>mo</sup>  
Octobr. 1692

J. A. B. Receptor Genti ibm donar p venien<sup>t</sup>  
ple poll. pro uno anno quatoriatim solut.  
Anno tertio Rs et Rna concps

az<sup>t</sup>  
} az<sup>t</sup>  
m iiij<sup>lo</sup>

Tenth

Sarum Dioc<sup>st</sup>  
xxv.<sup>no</sup> nov. <sup>his</sup>  
1691.

J. Episcopo ibidem Collector. Annuat . .  
Decimar a Clero infra Dioc<sup>st</sup> ad de  
Docm inde debet ad Festum Natalis . .  
Dni 1690

66<sup>t</sup>

Michis Ann Rs & Rna W & M iiij<sup>o</sup>



# Temporalitys

Abbat Diocesis  
xx<sup>mo</sup> Jan 1691.

J. A. B. Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> Temporalitat Archi  
episcopat<sup>us</sup> & d<sup>o</sup> (sede vacante) debit sup Comp<sup>m</sup>..

} 6<sup>xx<sup>th</sup></sup>  
114.

Michis ann<sup>is</sup> Rs & Rna. W & M

iiij<sup>o</sup>

## First Fruits

Angl<sup>o</sup> p<sup>o</sup> dis  
Janrij 1691

J. A. B. Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> prim<sup>a</sup> f<sup>r</sup>uctu debit  
super Comp<sup>m</sup>..

} 6<sup>th</sup>  
v.

Michis. Inn<sup>is</sup> Rs & Rna. W & M

m iiij<sup>o</sup>

## 1/4 Customes

Angl<sup>o</sup> xxx<sup>mo</sup>  
Martij 1692

J. A. B. Ar<sup>o</sup> Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> unius quart<sup>e</sup>  
partis Custum<sup>i</sup> & Subsidi debit super Comp<sup>m</sup>

} 6<sup>th</sup>

## Tasche &c.

## 3/4 Customes

Angl<sup>o</sup>

J. A. B. Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> trium quartar<sup>um</sup> par-  
tium Custum<sup>i</sup> & Subsidi debit super Comp<sup>m</sup>..

} 6<sup>xx<sup>th</sup></sup>  
114.

## Tasche &c.

## East Ind Goods

Angl<sup>o</sup>.

J. A. B. Ar<sup>o</sup> Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> Imposicon<sup>is</sup> ..  
super Mercas India Orientalis et al<sup>ia</sup> Merchan-  
dis debit super Comp<sup>m</sup>..

} 6<sup>xx<sup>th</sup></sup>  
114.

## Tasche &c.

## Wines & Vinegar

Angl<sup>o</sup>.

J. A. B. Ar<sup>o</sup> Receptor Gen<sup>li</sup> Imposiconis sup  
vinum et acetum debit sup Comp<sup>m</sup>..

} 6<sup>xx<sup>th</sup></sup>  
114.

## Tasche &c.



# Tobacco & Sugar

angl

Q. A. B. Receptor. Gen. li Impof. fuppl. licotian.  
Exoticum et Succar. debet sup Comp m —

axvms. 21  
my.

Tasche &c

$\frac{3}{4}$  Excise

angl exp. apr  
1692.

Com & Gubernat. trium quartar. par.  
Rovencon dle Excise p vita Rs & Rne concess.  
debet. super Comp m —

ax ax.

Tasche &c

$\frac{1}{4}$  Hered. Excise

angl

Commissionar. & Gubern. Hereditar. et  
unius quart. partis Rovenconis dle Excise. p  
vita Rs & Rne concess. debet sup Comp m —

ax

Tasche &c.

Add. Excise

angl

Com & Gubern. add. Rovencon dle Excise debet sup Comp

ax t. 5 d  
vyl 6 p. 2

Tasche &c

Double Excise

angl

Comiss et Gubernator. duplicis Rovenconis  
dle Excise debet super Comp m —

ax t. 9 d  
vyl 11 p. 2

Tasche &c

Excise for a Year

angl

Com & Gubern. denar pervenion p Impof. sup  
Corvisiam & al. Liguor. p uno anno concess. —

ax  
my.

Tasche &c



# Low Wines

Angl

Comite & Gubernator. Revoncond dle facis  
Hondion p Impost sup vinum vel Spiritu prim  
Extraconis debet. super compm.

az<sup>rat</sup> Enyvir  
e.

## Pasche &c Loans Gen.

Angl in Maj  
1692

P.A.B. Pipm. Ri et Rne. mutat  
Pasche &c.

az<sup>te</sup>

## Loans on 2. 12.<sup>mo</sup>

Angl

P.A.B. Pipm. Ri et Rne. mutat super fidu-  
ciam Resoluconis ex auxiliis <sup>ex par. &c. &c.</sup> 1701. 17. 1701.  
anno tertio Regnor eor concess ad gerend bellum.  
vdegd contra Francos

az<sup>te</sup> az<sup>te</sup>

## Pasche &c

## Loans on 3/4 Customes.

Angl

P.A.B. Pipm. Ri & Rne. mutat super fiduciam  
Resol ex trib quartis Customet subsidium  
p termino quatuor annor concess a xxuy.  
Dec. 1690.

az<sup>te</sup>  
v

## Pasche. &c



To w<sup>ch</sup> Bill the Teller Setts his Name & after Entry  
in his Book, through a pipe, throws it down into the  
Tally Court, by w<sup>ch</sup> he becomes accountable for so  
much money as the Bill contains, where are attending

Mr. Rob.<sup>t</sup> Howard as Scriptor Talliaru The  
Clk of the Pells as Recorder of the Excheq<sup>r</sup>.

The two Chamberlains and  
The Tally Cutter.

As soon as the Teller's bill is in the Tally Court. The  
Tally Cutter takes notice of the Sum thereof, and cuts  
Notches upon a Tally, purporting the same Sum  
mentioned in the Bill; for w<sup>ch</sup> Notches he has a Standing  
Page Viz<sup>t</sup>

l	l	l
<u>1000.</u>	<u>100.</u>	<u>20.</u>

If the Sum consists of more 1000<sup>l</sup>: 100<sup>l</sup>: 20<sup>l</sup> then one y.  
so many more Notches are made of the respective  
Proportions above as the Sum contains.

For 10 if it be part of a greater Sum as 30<sup>l</sup>, 50<sup>l</sup>, 70<sup>l</sup>, or 90<sup>l</sup>  
The Tally Cutter makes a Flit adjoyning to the Notch  
for the last 20<sup>l</sup>, which contains halfe the 20<sup>l</sup>.

For odd pounds he makes as many slanting Notches as  
the Sum consists of viz<sup>t</sup> 11111<sup>5<sup>th</sup></sup>.



For Shillings his mark is a downright notch as <sup>3<sup>s</sup></sup> |||.

For Pence he makes a Scratch as <sup>3<sup>d</sup></sup> ///.

For a half penny a hole as <sup>1<sup>d</sup></sup> o

A Farthing cannot be made upon a Tally so that all Accomptants that have a Farthing in their Ballance must have a Tally for  $\frac{1}{4}$  more than their Debt & be in Surplusage so much upon their Accompt.

The Tally so prepared is del'd to the Writer of the Tallys who writes the same words as the Teller in his Bill upon two Sides of the Tally

The Clerk of the Pells records the Tellers Bills in his Book verbatim as they are upon the Tally & Bill.

The two Chamberlains cleave the Tally in two parts so as the Two sides writ by the Tally Writer may be separated, one being the Tally its self, the other the Counter Tally or Foile after w<sup>ch</sup> one of them reads the Tally, the other looking upon the Foile & the Clerk of the Pells upon the Entry in his Book & if all agreed it is examined & the Tally is given out as a discharge



For so much Money paid by the Account. To the Teller  
& the Counter Tally is kept by the Chamberlains for  
a proof of the Truth of the Tally, when the  
Accountant is brought to Account all Tallies being then  
joyned with their Foiles

The Writer of the Tallies keeps all the Tellers Bills as  
Vouchers to justify his Tally & enters them under the  
respective Heads of their proper Natures &c. Keeping  
every Branch of the Revenue separate as does also  
the Clerk of the Polls.

By the Tellers Bills the Tally Writer every day  
makes a particular Charge upon every Teller what  
he has recd upon every Branch by which J.<sup>r</sup> Robert  
Howard as Aud.<sup>r</sup> charges him accordingly.

The Chamberlains & Tally Cutter keep no Account  
nor Entry.

This is the Method upon Receipt of Money.



# The Issues of Money—

Rec'd in Specie is either by Order or Debenture.

## By Orders

The L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> or L<sup>d</sup>s Com<sup>r</sup>s of the Treas<sup>r</sup>y authoriz'd by L<sup>ts</sup> Patents or privy Seals direct their War.<sup>t</sup> to the Aud.<sup>r</sup> of Ex<sup>r</sup> to draw Orders pursuant to such L<sup>ts</sup> Pat. or privy Seal w<sup>ch</sup> being by him drawn & sent to their Lordships they signe the Order and then direct how much and out of what Branch of the Revenue they shall be paid w<sup>ch</sup> when the Aud.<sup>r</sup> has rec'd he under writes the Order directing the Teller to pay such a Sum in part or in full thereof out of such Branches of the Revenue according to his Directions from the Treas<sup>r</sup>y which when he has enter'd in his Books he sends to the Clerk of the pells with their Letters patent or privy Seal and Warr.<sup>t</sup> who as a Comptrol<sup>r</sup> to the Auditor examines his Directions upon the Teller if it be according to the Letters patents or privy Seal and Warr.<sup>t</sup> and if all agreed he makes a Record thereof

Then the Order only is brought up to the Teller who observing the Directions upon him pays the money accordingly taking an Acquittance from the person to whom the money is payable or from his Assigns.



## Forme of a Warrant —

After our hearty Commendations by Virtue of their  
Maj<sup>ties</sup> Letters of privy Seale Bearing date the 28.<sup>th</sup>  
instant These are to pray and require You to draw  
one or more Order, for payment unto our very good L<sup>d</sup>  
Richard Earl of Ranelagh payma<sup>r</sup> of their Ma<sup>ties</sup> Forces  
or to the paymaster thereof for the time being the Sum  
of Five hundred Thousand pounds, by way of Imprest  
& upon Acco<sup>t</sup> for the pay of such their Ma<sup>ties</sup> Guards  
Garrisons & Land Forces, whereof the payment is or  
shall be committed to his care & Charge, and the  
Contingencies thereunto belonging, and lett the Same  
be Satisfied out of their Ma<sup>ties</sup> Treasur<sup>e</sup> now or  
hereafter being or remaining in the Rect<sup>y</sup> of  
Exch<sup>g</sup> not appropriated to particular Uses by Act of  
Parliam<sup>t</sup> for which this shall be your Warr<sup>t</sup>.  
Whitehall Treas<sup>y</sup> Chamber, 29.<sup>th</sup> Apr. 1692.

To our very loving  
Friend S<sup>t</sup>. Robert  
Howard L<sup>td</sup>. Aud<sup>r</sup>  
of the Acc<sup>t</sup>. of their  
Ma<sup>ties</sup> Exch<sup>g</sup>er

Godolphin  
He. Fox  
Edw<sup>d</sup>. Seymour  
Cha<sup>s</sup>. Montague



The Order with the Direction & Recording

Earl of Ranslagh for the Forces

Order is taken this xxv<sup>th</sup> day of Apr. 1692 by Virtue of their Ma<sup>ty</sup> L<sup>ts</sup> of Privy Seal bearing date the 28<sup>th</sup> instant, That you deliver & pay of such their Ma<sup>ty</sup> Treasure as remains in your Charge unto Richard Earl of Ranslagh paym<sup>t</sup> of their Ma<sup>ty</sup> Forces, or to the paym<sup>t</sup> thereof for the time being the Sum of five hundred Thousand pounds by way of Imprest & upon Acco<sup>t</sup> of the pay of such their Ma<sup>ty</sup> Guards Garrison and Land Forces whereof the payment is or shall be committed to his Care or Charge and the Contingencies thereunto belonging & these together w<sup>th</sup> his or his Assignes Acquittance shall be your discharge herein

Var  
D.

Godolphin  
J. Fox  
E. Seymour  
C. Montague

Mr. Howard I pray pay <sup>B S</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>to</sup> ~~my~~ <sup>you</sup> ~~in~~ <sup>93</sup> in part  
out of Lo<sup>d</sup> on the 2. 12<sup>th</sup> <sup>B S</sup> ~~Myd~~ <sup>40088</sup> 14. 3  $\frac{1}{4}$

Double Exise . . . . 6" 1" -

21. *J. Barrell* . . . . 5130,, 3,, -

2 May 1692 Ro: Howard

*2 May 1692 Ro: Howard*  
*Record 3<sup>d</sup> July 1692 p<sup>are</sup> lxxviii m. 93 in part Examd*  
*Howard*



# The Acquittance

3. May 1692

R<sup>dc</sup>. by me R. Ea. of Ranelagh  
paym<sup>t</sup>. of his Ma<sup>ty</sup>. Forces upon an  
Order dated the xxix<sup>th</sup> of April 1692 of  
Tho<sup>s</sup>. Howard Esq<sup>r</sup>. one of the Four Tellers  
in their Ma<sup>ty</sup>. Receipt of Exchequer the  
Sum of Forty five Thousand two  
hundred twenty four pounds Eighteen  
Shillings and three pence farthing in  
part of the Said Order for Five hundred  
Thousand pounds by way of Imprest &  
upon Acco<sup>t</sup>. for the pay of such their  
Ma<sup>ty</sup>. Guards Garrison & Land Forces  
whereof the payment is committed to my  
care & Charge and the Contingencies  
therunto belonging.

l s  
xlvi  
17 93

Ranelagh



The Auditor repays the Principall & Interest of all Loans (if made upon Act of Parliament) in the course they were lent as the Money comes in upon such Act without any further Direction from the Treasury than the Order given the party upon lending the Money who upon producing the Order at the time the Money is come of which he has Notice given him from the Exchequer it passes as before from the Auditor to the Teller where the Talley is delivered up to be cancelled w<sup>th</sup> its Foile remaining with the Chamberlain & then to the Teller where he Receives his Money & delivers up his Order with a Discharge.

Where Loans are not upon Acts of Parlt it passes as before by Directions from the Treary.



## Issues by Debentures

All Salaries and Annuities granted upon Letters patents are paid by debenture by virtue of w<sup>ch</sup> Letters patent the Ex<sup>rs</sup> of the Treasury direct their Warr. to the Auditor to draw & pass a Debenture for one Year or halfe a Year of any Salary or Ann.<sup>ty</sup> due to any person, out of what Branch as they think fitt w<sup>ch</sup> the Auditor accordingly pursues and by under Writing the Debenture direct one of the Four Tellers to pay it, which Debenture & Warrant after the Entry is sent to the Clerk of the Polls who examines it w<sup>th</sup> the Letters patent & last payment & if all agreed he records it and sends it up to the Teller who observing the Directions pays it accordingly as in the payment of Order, & entering the Debentures in his book, the person who Receives the Money or one unpowered by Letters of Attorney from him, signs it w<sup>ch</sup> is the Tellers Discharge.



# A Warrant for a Debenture

After our hearty Commendations, by Virtue of the  
L<sup>tes</sup> Patents in this behalfe These are to pray and  
require you to make and pass Debentures for paying  
unto S<sup>r</sup> Joseph Williamson Kn<sup>t</sup> or his Assignes the  
Sum of Four hundred & Eighty Pounds for three Years  
from X<sup>mas</sup> 1687 to X<sup>mas</sup> 1690. upon his Fee of One  
hundred and Sixty Pounds p<sup>ann</sup>. as Master of the paper  
Office at Whitehall & lett the Same be Satisfied out of  
any their Ma<sup>ties</sup> Treasure now or hereafter being & remain-  
ing in the Receipt of Exch<sup>r</sup>. not appropriated to particular  
uses by Act of Parliam<sup>t</sup>. for which this shall be your  
Warrant Whitehall Treary Chamber, April 1<sup>st</sup> 1692.

To our very loving  
Friend S<sup>r</sup> Robert  
Howard Kn<sup>t</sup> Aud<sup>r</sup> of  
the Rec<sup>t</sup> of their Ma<sup>ties</sup>  
Exchequer.

Godolphin  
R. Hampden  
Ste. Fox.



# The Debenture & Discharge.

Debent Iopho Williamson Mil. Custod  
Papir<sup>3</sup> et Record Dni & Dna Willi et  
Maria Rs et Rna tangent Statu apud  
Whitehall de Feod<sup>3</sup> ad ~~6<sup>te</sup>~~ 12 Ann<sup>o</sup> pro  
tribus annis finit ad Testum Natab  
Dni anno Regn<sup>o</sup> pd 2<sup>do</sup>

6<sup>th</sup> xx<sup>th</sup>  
m m.  
Sol<sup>d</sup> Howard

By Loans on  $\frac{3}{4}$  Customs.

Ro: Howard

Record xxv<sup>th</sup> Apr<sup>is</sup> 1692. m m. Howard

## Jo Williamson

Every Fryday the Auditor calls the Four Tellers to  
account for the Acts and Payments of the proceeding Week  
& the Clerk of the pells likewise examines that the Tellers  
do respectively agree with the Auditors Directions for  
paym<sup>t</sup> & their own bill<sup>s</sup> of Rec<sup>t</sup>s after which the Auditor  
makes one genrall Account of the whole Rec<sup>t</sup> & paym<sup>t</sup> of  
the proceeding Week taking Notice of each Branch of  
the Revenue recd & out of what Branch each paym<sup>t</sup>  
was made and of what Branches the Remains consists



Also notifying how much of the Remaine is by private  
Direction of the Treary advanced.

Which is done upon a Sudden Occasion of payment  
when there is no order drawn that will bear it by reason  
whereof a regular Issue cannot be made.

Also how much of the Remaine is by Directions of  
Acts of parlt or Tre of Treary reser'd for Repayment of  
Loans, or particular uses.

And likewise how much of that Remaine is left for  
their Lordshipp's Dispose.

Which Certificate or Account the Aud.<sup>r</sup> delivers every  
Saturday into the Treary by w<sup>ch</sup> the Lords distribute that  
part that is disposable for the uses of the following weeke.



# Talleys of, Pro or Assignment

Are where the Money is not in Specie brought into the Excheq<sup>r</sup>. but are Struck upon persons who are Accompt.<sup>ts</sup> of some part of the Revenue, w<sup>ch</sup> Talleys contain both a Rec<sup>t</sup>. & Payment

On one Side of the Talley, mentioning the Accompt.<sup>ts</sup> name & upon what Acco<sup>t</sup> it is due, the other side mentions the person to whom it is paid & for what use w<sup>ch</sup> Talley when paid is a good Discharge to the Accomptant.

These Talleys are all authoris'd by Lett<sup>rs</sup> patents, privy Seal. with the L<sup>d</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> or L<sup>ds</sup> Com<sup>rs</sup> of the Treas<sup>r</sup>ys Warrant thereupon & are as various as the Treas<sup>r</sup>ys directs.



# A Warrant

After our hearty Comendations by Virtue of the L<sup>tes</sup>  
Patents in this behalte These are to pray and require you  
to Levy Talleys & assignm<sup>t</sup> upon the Rec<sup>r</sup>. of the Revenue  
of the first Fruits for the Payment of the Sum of Five  
hundred pounds to our very Good Lord Aubrey Ea. of  
Oxford for one Quarter due at Michas last upon his Lord-  
ships Pension of Two Thousand pounds p<sup>a</sup> Ann for  
which this shall be your Warrant Whitehall  
Treary Chambers 5<sup>th</sup> of October 1691.

To our very loving Friend &c<sup>r</sup>  
Rob<sup>t</sup>. Howard Kn<sup>t</sup>. Aud<sup>r</sup> of the  
Acct. of his Ma<sup>ty</sup>. Exch<sup>r</sup>. W<sup>m</sup>.  
Wardour Esq<sup>r</sup>. Clk of the pells &  
to the rest of the Officers therein  
concerned.

Godolphin  
Jn<sup>o</sup>. Lowther  
R. Hampden

Upon w<sup>ch</sup> War<sup>t</sup>. & Aud<sup>r</sup>. draws the L<sup>re</sup> of y<sup>e</sup>. Tally & writes it  
upon y<sup>e</sup>. Tally & the Clk of the pells examines it & records it.

The Chamberlain & Tally Cutter performing their Dutys  
as in other Talleys before mentioned.



# The Letter of a Talley

J. A. B. Receptor Genti Primitiarum a } 6<sup>th</sup>  
Cler debit super Comp<sup>m</sup> ————— } D

Pro Prohonorabil Auberio Comit Oxon  
de Annuitate ꝑ ad a<sup>z</sup>z<sup>th</sup> ꝑ Ann<sup>m</sup> duran<sup>t</sup> vita ꝑ  
ei debit pro quarterio Anni finit ad Festm<sup>m</sup> s<sup>c</sup>  
Peti Mich<sup>is</sup> Archi 1691. ꝑ L<sup>ras</sup> Pat. datas s<sup>c</sup>  
vix<sup>no</sup> Junij 1673.

These Tallies are wholly transacted betwixt y. Auditor,  
Clerk of the pells Chamberlains & Talley Cutter the  
Tellers not being concern'd therein.



Termio Sci Michis

Anno quarto R<sup>as</sup> & Regina Gulielmi  
et Mariae Martis xxv<sup>to</sup> die Octobris.

Anglia

Whereas in & by an Act

of this present Parliament made in the Third Year of the Reigne of their present Matys King W<sup>m</sup> & Queen Mary Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Matys of the Sum of 1651702<sup>£</sup> = 18 towards the carrying on a Vigorous War against France, It is provided & enacted that no Fee should be demanded or taken by any Officer of the Exchequer or of any the Officers thereof for the Receiving or Issuing any of the Money granted by the said Act or any other Act of this present Parlt for Aids & Supplies to their Matys but such antient & legall Fees as shall be allowed by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Coife of the Court of Exchequer to be such and not otherwise & that the said Chief Baron & Barons shall and are hereby required to present a Table or Schedule of the said Fees so by them allowed to the Lords & Commons assembled in Parlt at the next Session to be holden for this or any next succeeding Parliament.



In Pursuance therefore of the Said Act of  
parlt We have called before us the Officers of the. Rec<sup>t</sup>. of  
Exchequer & rece<sup>d</sup> Information of the Fees demanded or  
taken by the said Officers for the Receiving & issuing of  
the aforesaid Monys & upon hearing of them and conside-  
racon of the whole matter We do allow the Fees mencon<sup>d</sup>  
in the Tables or Schedules herunto annexed & no other  
to be ancient legall Fees & forme. hence forth to be demanded  
& taken by the Said Officers for the receiving or issuing:  
any of the mony aforesaid And we do present a Table or  
Schedule of the Said Fees so allowed as aforesaid to the Lords  
& Commons in parliament according to the said Act of  
parliament.



# The Auditor

A Table or Schedule of the antient & legall Fees ...  
 allowed by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Court  
 of the Court of Exchequer to be Demanded and taken  
 by the Auditor of the Receipt of Exchequer for y<sup>e</sup> receiving  
 or issuing any of the monys granted by an act of parlt<sup>e</sup>  
 Entituled an Act for granting an Ayd to their Matys of the  
 Sum of 1651702 = 18. towards the carrying on a Vigorous  
 War against France or any other Act of this present parlt<sup>e</sup>  
 for Ayds & Supplys to their Matys.

## For the receiving of Money

For every Talley upon Land Taxes or Polls ...	To	£	s	d
be the Sum more or less	}	—	—	4
For every 1000. paid in for Excise by Talley	To			
being the like Fee w <sup>ch</sup> hath been paid for	}	—	—	6
mony paid in for Customs				
Mem.				

That all Ayds & Supplys are comprehended under  
 these two Heads.



# For the issuing of Money

For 3100000. expressly by the Said Acts appropriated to the Navy & for all other Sums that have been issued or what shall hereafter be issued to y<sup>e</sup> Navy.

For all monys arising by there Aids & Supplies w<sup>ch</sup> have been appropriated or issued to the Land Forces according to an Agreem<sup>t</sup>. made in the year 1667 by J<sup>r</sup>. then Lord Treas<sup>r</sup>. S<sup>r</sup>. Gen<sup>l</sup>. & Chancl<sup>r</sup>. of the Exchequer by & with the Consent of the Officers of the Excheq<sup>r</sup>. attested by the R<sup>t</sup>. Hon<sup>ble</sup>. S<sup>r</sup>. Stephen Fox Kn<sup>t</sup>. One of the Lords Com<sup>rs</sup>. of their Matys Treasury by which Agreement the Aud<sup>r</sup>. Fees are lessend from 2 in y<sup>e</sup>. pound which amounts to 16 = 08  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent & were y<sup>e</sup>. antient legall Fees for Services of this Nature to  $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{680}{10000}$   $\frac{1}{2}$  pound which is his Share of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  per pound settled by the aforesaid Agreement for all the Officers of the Exchequer so that his & his Clerks Share amount to \_\_\_\_\_

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

That these Fees are deducted from the Soldiers out of their pay & are not placed upon the Kings Acco<sup>t</sup>.

to y<sup>e</sup> 2

3 6  
Cent



For all pencons Annuitys Rewards...  
 Free Gifts Salarys Fees &c without acct.  
 if the same be paid by order or debent.

£	s	d	£	s	d
1	—	—	—	5	—

For the same if the same were paid by  
 Tally of Assignm<sup>t</sup> de Regardos ———

—	16	8	—	2	6
---	----	---	---	---	---

For money issued under the Title of  
 secret Service (by w. many pencons  
 Free Gifts &c have been paid) but  
 under this head the Services being not  
 known the Fee could not be reduced  
 to a proper head & therefore by agreem<sup>t</sup>  
 were abated to halfe Fees ———

—	10	—	—	2	6
---	----	---	---	---	---

The Fees hereafter mentioned are attested by a Table of  
 Fees recd from M<sup>r</sup> W<sup>m</sup> Bourges in the Year 1676 who  
 had been a long time Clerk in the said Office assted upon  
 the Oath of M<sup>r</sup> George Ranton now a Clerk in the said  
 Office which Fees were antiently brought under the  
 Head of pencons Salarys Wages &c (the Officers hereafter  
 mention'd making diverse paym<sup>ts</sup> to those Usrs) & then paid  
 the Fees of 25<sup>sh</sup> Cent as before but for many Years last  
 past were brought under particular Heads and the  
 Fees were by agreement or Usage in the Exchequer  
 lessned according to the sev. proportions Viz<sup>t</sup>



	To Aud. £	To his Clerk Cont
The Keeper of the Privy Purse—	Nil	Nil
The Cofferer—	Nil	Nil
The Treasr. of the Chamber—	Nil	Nil
The Mast <sup>r</sup> of the Robes—	Nil	Nil
The Ma <sup>r</sup> of the Wardrobe—	Nil	Nil
The payma <sup>r</sup> of the Works—	Nil	Nil
The Office of Ordnance—	Nil	Nil
The Ma <sup>r</sup> of the Horse—	" 5 "	" 1 3
The L <sup>t</sup> of y <sup>e</sup> Tower & qu <sup>d</sup> for his Bills—	" 13 4	" 3 4
Ambassad <sup>rs</sup> & Envoys for Equipage & Extraord <sup>ry</sup> —	" 15 "	" 3 9
Ambassad <sup>rs</sup> & Envoys for their Entertainment <sup>t</sup> —	" 10 "	" 2 6
Judges & Barons—	Nil	Nil
Judges of Wales—	" 10 "	" 2 6
Goldsmith for plate—	" 5 "	" 1 3
The Jeweller—	" 10 "	" 2 6
The Mint—	" 1 6	" " "
The Coal Farmers Defalcations—	1 " "	" 5 "
Services upon Acco <sup>t</sup> except Navy & Forces—	" 10 "	" 2 6
The Kings Barber for barbing Linen—	" 10 "	" 2 6
The Usher of the Receipt—	Nil	Nil
The Usher of the Court of Exchequer—	" 10 "	" 2 6
The Lord privy Seals Dyett—	" 10 "	" 2 6
Windsor Works—	" 4 "	" 1 "



	To y. Aud <sup>r</sup> £			To his Clerk Cont		
Repaires for Lodges & parks, —————	"	10	"	"	2	6
Surveyor of Highways —————	"	10	"	"	2	6
Messengers Bills —————	1	"	"	"	5	"
Tents & Toyls —————	"	4	"	"	1	"
New Years Gifts from the King —————	"	10	"	"	2	6
The Quon Dowagers Treasurer —————	"	10	"	"	2	6



# The Clerk of the Pells

A Table or Schedule of the antient & Legall Fees  
 allowed by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Coise of the  
 Court of Exchq<sup>r</sup> to be demanded & taken by the Clerk of  
 Pells in the Rct. of their Ma<sup>ty</sup> Exchq<sup>r</sup> for the receiving  
 & Issuing any of the monys granted by an Act of parliam<sup>t</sup>  
 Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Matys  
 of the Sum of 1651702-18 towards the Carrying on a  
 Vigorous War against France or any other Act of this  
 present parlt for Aids & Supplies to their Majestys.

## For the receiving of Money

For every Tally upon Land Taxes or polls be the	l	s	d
Sum. more or less	:	:	4

For every 1000 <sup>l</sup> upon Tallys for Excise or Customs	l	s	d
	:	:	6

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

That all Aids & Supplies are comprehended under  
 these two heads.



# For issuing of Money.

For 3100000. expressly by these Acts appropriated  
to the Navy & for all other Sums that have been  
issued (w<sup>ch</sup> are much more) or what shall hereafter  
be issued to the Navy. ————— Nil

For all Monys arising by these Aids & Supplies w<sup>ch</sup>  
have been appropriated or issued to the Land w<sup>ch</sup>  
For 268  $\frac{7}{1000}$  of a Farthing of a Pound w<sup>ch</sup> is —————

£	9	2
s	1	7
d	6	Cent

For all other monys arising by these Aids & Supplies w<sup>ch</sup> have  
been issued to other uses than before mentioned the Clerk  
of the polls hath recd Fees according to the Heads of the  
uses for w<sup>ch</sup> they were issued: A Particular of w<sup>ch</sup> Heads  
w<sup>th</sup> The Fees belonging to them are as followeth viz.

For all p<sup>er</sup>sons Ann<sup>ly</sup> Rewards Free Gifts  
Sal<sup>ry</sup> Fees &c. without to the Mar<sup>sh</sup> £ Cent  
To the Clerk ————— " 10 " 2 6

For the same Causes if paid by Talley of  
Assignm<sup>t</sup> de Regard £ Pound  
To the Clerk £ Cent ————— " " 2 2 6



There hath been for many Years last past an  
 Issue out of the Re<sup>t</sup>. under the Title of Secret<sup>y</sup> Service, by which many persons Salaries and Free Gifts have been paid but had their Services been known & specified then the Fees had been due according to their proper Heads but now by this method & agreement they pay only  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent.

The privy purse  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 1 "

The Treasurer ————— Nil

The Treas<sup>r</sup> of the Chamber ————— Nil

The Ma<sup>r</sup> of the Robes ————— Nil "

The wardrobe  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 1 "

The Ma<sup>r</sup> of the Works  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 1 "

The Treas<sup>r</sup> of the Navy ————— Nil

The Victualer of the Navy ————— Nil

The Office of Ordnance ————— Nil

The Ma<sup>r</sup> of the Horse  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 2 6

The S<sup>t</sup> of the Tower for Quarterly Bills  $\frac{1}{2}$  Qu<sup>r</sup>. ————— " 6 8

Ambassadors & Envoys for Equipage Extraordinary & ... and Entertainment, ————— " 7 6

Judges & Barons ————— Nil

The Goldsmith for plate  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 1 "

The Jeweller  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 5 "

The Mint  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cent. ————— " 1 "



Sea Coale. Farmers Desalcations $\text{ff Cent}$ _____	6	9	2
The Usher of the Court of Exchq. for every Order	"	5	"
being three in a Year _____	1	2	6
The Usher of the Receipt _____	Nil		
The L <sup>d</sup> Privy Seals Dyott $\text{ff Cent}$ _____	"	7	6
Repairs of Lodges & Parks $\text{ff Cent}$ _____	"	5	"
Surveyor of the Highways $\text{ff Cent}$ _____	Nil		
Messengers Bills $\text{ff Bill}$ _____	"	1	"
Tents & Toilers _____	Nil		
The Queen Dowagers Treasr. $\text{ff Cent}$ _____	"	6	3



# The Four Tellers

A Table or Schedule of the antient & Regall Fees allowed by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Court of the Court of Exchequer to be demanded & taken by the Four Tellers of the Act of the Exch<sup>r</sup> for the Receiving or issuing any of the Monys granted by an Act of parliam<sup>t</sup>. Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Ma<sup>ties</sup> of the Sum of <sup>£</sup>1651702<sup>..</sup>18 toward the carrying on a Vigorous War against France or any other Act of this present parliam<sup>t</sup>. for Aids & Supplys to their Ma<sup>ties</sup>

## For the receiving of Money

Upon receiving in the money for all Aids & Supplyes granted to their Ma<sup>ties</sup> the Tellers receive Nil

But their Clerks have for sometime last past taken	£	9	0
for every Bill upon w <sup>ch</sup> a Tally is struck for Land Taxes	"	"	8
or polls & the sum more or less <sup>sh ch</sup> 1. w. is now reduced to —			
For every 1000. paid in for Excise being the like Fee w <sup>ch</sup> was antiently paid for Customs	"	1	4

Mem<sup>dm</sup>

That all Aids & Supplys are comprehended under these two Heads.







For all monys arising by the Aids & Supplis w<sup>ch</sup> have been  
 issued to other uses than beforem<sup>con</sup>d the Four Tellers,  
 have antiently rec<sup>d</sup>d Fees according to the Heads of the  
 Uses for which they were issued.

A Particular of w<sup>ch</sup> Heads w<sup>th</sup> the antient and  
 legall Fees belonging to them are as followeth viz<sup>t</sup>

	To y <sup>e</sup> four Tellers p <sup>er</sup> Cent			Their P <sup>er</sup> Cent		
The Master of the Horse	"	10	"	"	2	"
Keeper of the Privy Purse	"	3	"	"	1	"
Master of the Wardrobe	"	1	6	"	"	6
Master of the Robes	"	2	6	"	1	"
Kings Cofferer	"	"	8	"	"	4
Treasurer of the Chamber	"	1	"	"	"	6
Payma <sup>t</sup> of the Works	"	2	"	"	"	6
The L <sup>t</sup> of the Tower for wages	"	1	"	"	"	6
The L <sup>t</sup> of the Tower for Diet of prisoners	1	"	"	"	10	"
L <sup>t</sup> of the Ordnance	"	2	"	"	1	"
Queens Treasurer	"	3	4	"	1	8
Princes Cofferer	"	1	6	"	"	6
Payma <sup>t</sup> of the Band of prisoners	"	1	4	"	"	4
Warden of the Mint	"	2	"	"	"	6
Kings Goldsmith	"	2	"	"	"	6
Kings Jeweller	"	4	"	"	1	"



	To the, four Tellers & C <sup>t</sup>		To their Clerk & Cont	
Gunpowder and Such like Emptions —————	"	2 6	"	1 "
Master of the Ceremonies —————	"	10 "	"	5 "
Farmers of Sea Coal Defalcations —————	"	1 6	Nil	
Ambassadors & Agents on their Ordinary —————	"	10 "	"	5 "
D <sup>o</sup> on their Extraord <sup>y</sup> —————	1	" "	"	10 "
Secrys of State for Intelligence —————	"	10 "	"	5 "
Knight Harbinger —————	"	10 "	"	5 "
Ann <sup>ty</sup> s Rewards Free Gifts & Such like —————	2	10 "	"	10 "
For money issued under the title of secret Service by w <sup>ch</sup> many persons Free Gifts &c have been paid, but under this Head the Services being not known the fees could not be reduced to a proper head & therefore by Agreem <sup>t</sup> were abated to halfe Fees —————	1	" "	"	10 "
Repayment of Loans & Interest —————	Nil		Nil	
Judges & Barons —————	Nil		Nil	



# The Deputy Chamberlains in the Tally Court

A Table or Schedule of the antient & Legall Fees allowed by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Coise of the Court of Exchq<sup>r</sup>. to be demanded & taken by the Dep<sup>ty</sup> Chamberlains in the Receipt of their Matys Exchq<sup>r</sup>. called the Tally Court for Striking of Tally & Divided between them for the receiving or issuing of any of the Monys granted by an Act of parliam<sup>t</sup>. Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Matys of the Sum of 1651702<sup>l</sup> 18<sup>s</sup> towards carrying on a Vigorous War against France or any other Act of this present parliam<sup>t</sup>. for Aids and Supplies to their Majesties

	l <sup>s</sup>	s	d
For Tallys upon Customs for every 1000 ———	"	"	6
For Tallys upon Dutys laid on Wine Vinegar: ———	"	"	6
Tobacco E. I. Goods & other Merchandizes for every dz ———	"	"	6

This is the Establisht<sup>t</sup> taken in Anno 1638, And it alsoe appears by a Table of Fees written at the beginning of the Reigne of Queen Elizabeth.



For Tallys struck upon the Excise for every <sup>10</sup> <u>az</u>	t	s	d
For Tallys on Dutys laid on Spirits Brandy	"	"	6
Beer Ale & other liquors for every <sup>10</sup> <u>az</u>	"	"	6

Excise is the like great Revenue with Customs  
and for that reason the same Fee hath been paid ever  
since it was granted

The Tax money upon Land & for poll for every	t	s	d
Tally	"	"	4



# The Deputy Chamberlains Tally Joyners

A Table or Schedule of the antient & legall Fees allow'd by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Court of the Court of Excheg<sup>r</sup>. to be demanded & taken by the Deputy Chamberlains of their Matys Court of Excheg<sup>r</sup>. otherwise called Tally Joyners for the Joyning of Tallys for any moneys granted by an Act of parliam<sup>t</sup>. Entitled an Act for granting an Aid to their Ma<sup>ty</sup> of the Sum of 1651702<sup>l</sup>. 18 towards the Carrying on a Vigorous War against France or any other Act of this present parliam<sup>t</sup>. for Aids & Supplies to their Majesties

For all Tallies of money lent	Nil
For all Tallies of Excise & Tally	" 2 "
For all Tallies of Customs, New Impose <sup>s</sup> of 1000 <sup>l</sup> .	" 2 "
For all Tallies of Receivers for Taxes being the Same Fee w <sup>ch</sup> hath been antiently demanded & taken of all Receivers & Tally	" 1 "



# Talley Cutter

A Table or Schedule of the Antient & Legall Fees allowed by the L. Chief Barron & Barons of the Coife of the Court of Excheq<sup>r</sup>. to be demanded and Taken by the Talley Cutter in the Receipt of their Mats. Exchequer for Striking of Tallies for the Receiving & issuing any of the monys granted by an Act of parliam<sup>t</sup>. Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Mats of the Sum of 1651702<sup>18</sup> towards the carrying on a Vigorous War against France or any other Act of this present parliam<sup>t</sup>. for Aids & Supplies to their Majesties.

	£	s	d
For Tallies struck upon Customs for every $\overline{az}$	"	"	6
For Tallies upon Dutys laid on Wine, Vinegar	"	"	6
Tobacco &c. Goods & Other Merchandize for every $\overline{az}$			

This is the Establishm<sup>t</sup>. taken in Anno 1638. And it also appears by a Table of Fees writ at the Beginning of the Reigne of Queen Elizabeth.



For Tallies struck upon Excise of Beer Brandy  
& other Liquors for every 1000. —————

£	9	2
"	"	6

Excise is the like great Revenue w<sup>th</sup> Customs and for  
that Reason the same Fee hath been paid ever since  
it was Granted.

For Tax money upon Land and for poll for  
every Tally —————

£	9	2
"	"	4











To the R.<sup>t</sup> Hon. Thomas L.<sup>d</sup>  
Mansel, one of the Four Tellers  
of the Receipt of her Majes.<sup>ty</sup>  
Exchequer—

Lionel Herne whom yo<sup>r</sup> Lordship has  
been pleased to appoint yo<sup>r</sup> first Clerk in the said Office  
in Obedience to your Lordships Commands humbly presents to  
your Lordships Consideration the following particulars.

Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint your  
Lordship a Teller of the Exchequer in the Room of the  
R.<sup>t</sup> Hon John Smith Esq<sup>r</sup> by Letters Patents bearing date  
the xxiv. of July 1712 On the same Day yo<sup>r</sup> Lordship  
gave Security to the Queens Remembrancer as followeth

Yo <sup>r</sup> Lordships Bond for	£ 3000
Christopher Musgrave Esq <sup>r</sup> for	2000
Lionel Herne for	2000
	£ 7000

On the same day yo<sup>r</sup> Lords<sup>ty</sup> was sworn Teller before my  
L. Chief Baron Ward as by Certificate doth to Yo<sup>r</sup> Lordship.



On the xxiv<sup>th</sup> of July 1712 Yo<sup>r</sup> Lords<sup>h</sup> took possession of  
yo<sup>r</sup> said Office & M<sup>r</sup> Smiths Rem<sup>t</sup> of Cash being exactly  
examined by the Aud<sup>r</sup> of the Ac<sup>t</sup> the Clerk of the polls or  
their Deputies, as usual, amounting to 260979<sup>l</sup> 8<sup>s</sup> 2<sup>d</sup> was  
transferred to Yo<sup>r</sup> Lordship pursuant to a Warrant of my Lord  
High Treas<sup>r</sup> for that purpose, And you then signed & flung  
down a Bill into the Talley Court for the same, by w<sup>ch</sup> Bill  
you became charged with the said money, And in like manner  
you will be charged with all monys that shall from time to  
time be paid into your Office.

And you will be discharged from time to time for all paym<sup>ts</sup>  
made by your L<sup>d</sup>ship by proper Rec<sup>ts</sup> upon Orders &c  
signed by the L<sup>d</sup> High Treas<sup>r</sup> or Lords Com<sup>rs</sup> of the Treas<sup>r</sup>  
for the time being, Which Vouchers are daylay examin'd and  
allow'd of by the persons therunto appointed by the Right  
Hon Charles L<sup>d</sup> Halifax Aud<sup>r</sup> of the Ac<sup>t</sup>; Which Officers do  
once in every 28. days examine the Cash &c so that it agrees  
exactly with the Sum that ought to remain according to the  
weekly Certificates made by the Auditor & Clerk of the polls.  
And as the Act of Parliament directs.



The four Tellers are entituled to Salaries & Fees viz.<sup>t</sup>

The eldest Teller (at present the Right Hon. John Lord  
Visco.<sup>t</sup> Fitzharding) has a Salary of 33<sup>l</sup> 6<sup>s</sup> 8<sup>d</sup>  $\frac{1}{2}$  Annum.  
And the rest each 31<sup>l</sup> 13<sup>s</sup> 4<sup>d</sup>  $\frac{1}{2}$  Annum.

The Fees taken by the four Tellers of the Exchequer upon monys  
issued thence are pursuant to a Report thereof made by the  
Barons of the Exchequer directed by Act of parliament  
Anno reg.<sup>to</sup> Gulielmi et Mariae and the following table viz.<sup>t</sup>

The Barons Report was generall relating to all the Officers  
of the Rec.<sup>t</sup> of her Mats Exchq.<sup>r</sup> in the following words

Termio Scti Michis

Anna reg.<sup>to</sup> R<sup>ts</sup> & Ana Gul et Mariae  
Martis xxv.<sup>to</sup> die Octobr

Anglia Whereas in and by an Act

of this present parliam.<sup>t</sup> made in the Third Year of the  
reigne of their present Ma.<sup>ty</sup> King W.<sup>m</sup> & Queen Mary Entituled an  
Act for granting an Aid to their Majesties of the Sum of 1651702<sup>l</sup> 18<sup>s</sup>



towards the carrying on a Vigorous War against France  
It is provided & enacted that no Fees should be demanded  
or taken by any Officer of the Exchq<sup>r</sup>. or of any the Officers  
thereof for the Receiving or issuing any of the money  
granted by the said Act or any other Act of this present  
Parliam.<sup>t</sup> for Aids and Supplies to their Ma<sup>ties</sup> but such  
antient & legall Fees as shall be allowed by the L<sup>rd</sup> Chief  
Baron & Barons of the Court of the Court of Exchq<sup>r</sup>. to  
be such and not otherwise; and that the said Chief  
Baron & Barons shall and are hereby required to present  
a Table or Schedule of the said Fees so by them allowed  
to the L<sup>ds</sup> & Commons assembled in parliam.<sup>t</sup> at the  
next Sessions to be holden for this or any next succeeding  
Parliam.<sup>t</sup>

In Pursuance therefore of the said Act of  
Parliam.<sup>t</sup> We have called before us the Officers of the Ric<sup>t</sup>  
of the Exchq<sup>r</sup>. & rec<sup>d</sup> Informacon of the Fees demanded  
or taken by the said Officers for the receiving & issuing of  
the aforesaid monys & upon hearing of them & consideration  
of the whole matter. We do allow the Fees mentioned in the  
Tables or Schedules herunto annexed & no other to be antient  
legall Fees & from henceforth to be demanded & taken by y<sup>e</sup> said  
Officers for the Receiving or issuing any of the money aforesaid  
And we do present a Table or Schedule of the said Fees so  
allowed as aforesaid to the L<sup>ds</sup> & Commons assembled in  
Parliam.<sup>t</sup> according to the said Act of Parliam.<sup>t</sup>



# The four Tellers

A Table or Schedule of the Antient & Legat Fees allow'd by the L<sup>d</sup> Chief Baron & Barons of the Court of Excheq<sup>r</sup> to be demanded & taken by the four Tellers of the Rec<sup>t</sup> of the Excheq<sup>r</sup> for the Receiving or issuing any of the monys granted by an Act of Parliam<sup>t</sup>. Entituled an Act for granting an Aid to their Ma<sup>ty</sup> of the Sum of 1651702.18. towards the Carrying on a Vigorous War ag<sup>st</sup> France or any other Act of this present Parliam<sup>t</sup>. for aids and Supplies to their Majesties

## For the receiving of money

Upon receiving in the Money for all Aids & Supplies granted to their Ma <sup>ty</sup> the Tellers receive	Nil
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But their Clks have for some time last past taken..	l <sup>s</sup> 9 2
For every Bill upon w <sup>ch</sup> a Tally is struck for Land Taxes..	" " 8
or polls & the Sum more or less <sup>l<sup>s</sup></sup> w <sup>ch</sup> is now reduced to.	
For every a <sup>d</sup> . p. in for Excise being the like Fee w <sup>ch</sup> was antiently paid for Customes	" 1 4

Mem<sup>dm</sup>. That all Aids & Supplies are comprehended under these two Heads.



# For issuing of Money

For all money appropriated or issued to y.  
Navy

For all money appropriated or issued to the  
Land Forces according to an Agreement made  
in the Year 1667 by the then L<sup>d</sup>. Treas<sup>r</sup>  
Gen<sup>l</sup> & Chanc<sup>l</sup> of the Exch<sup>q</sup> by & w<sup>th</sup> the  
Consent of the Officers of the Exch<sup>q</sup> attested  
by the R<sup>t</sup> Hon. S<sup>r</sup> Stephen Fox one of the  
L<sup>d</sup>s Com<sup>rs</sup> of their late Ma<sup>ty</sup> Treas<sup>r</sup> by which  
Agreement the Tellers Fees are to be paid from 16<sup>sh</sup> 6<sup>d</sup>  
of Cent to  $\frac{3}{4}$  552  $\frac{1}{2}$  <sup>ch</sup> w<sup>ch</sup> is 7-4 of Cent w<sup>ch</sup>  
is their Share of the 1<sup>st</sup>  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the settled by the  
aforesaid Agreement for all the Officers of y<sup>e</sup>  
Exch<sup>q</sup> so that the 4 Tellers & their Clerks  
share amount to

To y<sup>e</sup> 4 Tellers  
of Cent.

To their Clerks  
of Cent

£	9	2	£	9	2
"	"	8	"	"	8

"	5	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	"	1	9 $\frac{6}{10}$
---	---	-----------------	---	---	------------------

This was reduced in the  
late War & also for y<sup>e</sup> Year  
1702 to 1<sup>st</sup> pound thus  
distributed as to y<sup>e</sup> Teller

£	9	0
of y <sup>e</sup> Teller	1	17
mult <sup>l</sup> Clerk	1	12
of y <sup>e</sup> Teller	3	9
Clerk	1	2 $\frac{7}{10}$

## Mem<sup>dm</sup>

These Fees are deducted from the Soldiers out of their  
Pay & are not placed upon the Exch<sup>q</sup> Acco<sup>t</sup>

For all monies arising by the Aids & Supplies which have been  
issued to other Uses than before mentioned the four Tellers have  
anthonly rec<sup>d</sup> Fees according to the heads of the Uses for w<sup>ch</sup>  
they are issued.



A Particular of w.<sup>ch</sup> Heads w.<sup>th</sup> the antient and  
legall Fees belonging to them are as followeth viz.<sup>t</sup>

	To y <sup>e</sup> 4 Tellers £ Cent	To their Clks £ Cent
The Master of the House	" 10 "	" 2 6
Keeper of the privy purse	" 3 "	" 1 "
Master of the Wardrobe	" 1 6	" " 6
Master of the Robes	" 2 6	" 1 "
Queens Cofferer	" " 8	" " 4
Treas <sup>r</sup> of the Chamber	" 1 "	" " 6
Paym <sup>r</sup> of the Works	" 2 "	" " 6
Lieut <sup>t</sup> of the Tower for wages	" 1 "	" " 6
D. <sup>o</sup> for Dyett of prisoners	1 " "	" 10 "
L <sup>t</sup> of the Ordnance	" 2 "	" 1 "
Queens Treasurer	" 3 4	" 1 8
Princes Cofferer	" 1 6	" " 6
Paym <sup>r</sup> of the Band of Pencons	" 1 4	" " 4
Warden of the Mint	" 2 "	" " 6
Queens Goldsmith	" 2 "	" " 6
Queens Jeweller	" 4 "	" 1 "
Gunpowder & such like Emptions	" 2 6	" 1 "
Master of the Ceremonies	" 10 "	" 5 "
Farmers of the Sea Cole Defalcation	" 1 6	Nil
Ambassadors & Agents on their Ordinary	" 10 "	" 5 "



	To this four		To their (the)	
	Teller	£	Cont	Cont
Ambassadors & Agents on their Extraord. <sup>ry</sup> —	1	"	"	10 "
Secrets of State for Intelligence—	"	10	"	5 "
Knight Harbinger—	"	10	"	5 "
Ann. <sup>ly</sup> Rewards Free Gifts & such like—	2	10	"	10 "
For money issued under the title of Secret Service by w <sup>ch</sup> many persons Free Gifts &c have been paid but under this Head the Services being not known the Fees could not be reduced to a proper head and therefore by agreement were abated to halfe Fees—	1	"	"	10 "
Repayments of Loans & Interest—	Nil.			
The Judges and Barons—	Nil			



For 3 y<sup>r</sup> in time of Peace

J <sup>m</sup> Michas 1697 to d <sup>o</sup> 1698	1264	10	4
To Michas - 1699	1811	5	2 $\frac{1}{4}$
To Michas. 1700	1334	19	2
Total 3 Years —	4410	14	8 $\frac{1}{4}$
Mod <sup>m</sup> One Year —	1470	4	10
Add <sup>e</sup> Salary —	31	13	4
$\pounds$ Annum —	1501	18	02

For 8 y<sup>r</sup> in time of War.

J <sup>m</sup> Michas 1702 to d <sup>o</sup> 1703	1990	19	8
To Michas - 1704	1973	1	3
1705	2093	13	3
1706	2291	2	6
1707	2680	17	3
1708	2904	11	5
1709	3154	10	3
1710	3392	12	10
Total 8 Years —	20481	8	5
One Year —	2560	3	6
add <sup>e</sup> Salary —	31	13	4
$\pounds$ Ann <sup>d</sup> —	2591	16	10



The Tellers have annually paid out of their said ~~income~~  
Income each of them viz<sup>t</sup>

	l. s. d.
Towards paying Clerks $\frac{1}{2}$ Ann. —————	100 " "
For Taxes w. <sup>ch</sup> is now 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ p <sup>ts</sup> on 750 $\frac{1}{2}$ Ann. —————	15 0 "
More reassess'd in each year 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ p <sup>ts</sup> on the said 750 —————	37 10 "
For Bonfires about $\frac{1}{2}$ Ann. —————	5 " "
For New Years Gifts to the L <sup>ds</sup> of the Treasury 50 Guineas the Chancel <sup>l</sup> of the Excheq <sup>r</sup> 25 Guineas the Secretary 10 Guineas, & to the Messengers porters &c in all about 106. amongst the 4 Tellers & for one is —————	26 10 "
Towards an additional Clerk that has assisted in endorsing Exchequer bill —————	20 " "
To a Charity School to w. <sup>ch</sup> each Teller hath been pleas'd to allow Yearly —————	5 " "
	344 " "

Yo<sup>r</sup> Lordship having been pleas'd to appoint me  
yo<sup>r</sup> first Clerk the persons that are employ'd under me  
are as follow

M <sup>r</sup> Timon Boulton	{ William Bishop Tho <sup>s</sup> Palmer In <sup>o</sup> Walworth }	Ann <sup>ly</sup> Clerks
Benj. Hodgkin		
Isaac Watlington		



I crave leave further to observe to Yo<sup>d</sup>. Lordship that as I  
have given Security to you & am thereby obligated to save  
you harmless in all matters relating to your Office so I  
have taken Security from the severall persons before  
mention'd who in their severall Stations in case of my  
Death will be oblig'd to settle & adjust the Accompts of  
Yo<sup>d</sup>. Office, and in such case I am perswaded they will  
faithfully & exactly performe the same.

All which is most humbly submitted to  
Yo<sup>d</sup>. Lordships Consideracon by

Right Honble

Each<sup>r</sup>. 21<sup>st</sup>. Aug<sup>st</sup>. 1712. Yo<sup>d</sup>. most obedient Servant.

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

The money I have disburs'd for yo<sup>d</sup>. L<sup>d</sup>. J<sup>ps</sup>  
L<sup>ds</sup> Patents & in giving Security &c. amounting to  
£ 166. 3. 4 as by Particulars in the following Page will be  
plac'd to Yo<sup>d</sup>. L<sup>d</sup>. J<sup>ps</sup> Acco<sup>t</sup> as has been accustomed.



An Acco.<sup>t</sup> of the Charges for the Letters Patents  
Security &c of the R.<sup>t</sup> Hon Thomas Lord Mansel as Teller  
of the Exchequer July 24<sup>th</sup> 1712.

For the Letters Patents			
	£	s	d
Treary War. <sup>t</sup> & Stamp	3	5	"
Docq. <sup>ls</sup>	1	10	"
Attorney Generall	7	7	6
Engrossing Clerks	"	10	9
Transcript	1	"	"
M <sup>r</sup> Tench for Expedition	2	3	"
Secy of State	6	7	6
Office Keeper	"	5	"
Signett Office	4	10	6
Expedicon there	1	1	6
Privy Seal	4	11	6
Expedicon there	1	1	6
Private Seal	2	"	"
Office Keeper	"	10	0
Receipt	1	1	6
Private Seal	2	"	"
Lord Keepers purse bearer	"	10	9
D <sup>o</sup> Porter	"	5	"
Patent Office	5	17	8
Engrossing Clerk	"	10	9
Car. <sup>d</sup> forward	47	4	5



Bro. <sup>t</sup> forward	47	4	5
Stamps	4	1	"
Manaper	6	13	4
Clerk there & Sealers	"	10	"
Expences and a Gilt Box	"	8	6
Entring Clerk at the Treary	1	1	6
M <sup>r</sup> . Lowther for his Trouble	3	4	6

### Fees at the Treary

Secrys	21	10	"
4 Clerks	10	15	"
The Clerks in the Inner Room	5	7	6
Entring Clerks	1	1	6
For referring Security	"	15	"
War. <sup>t</sup> for taking d. <sup>o</sup> War. <sup>t</sup> for swearing War. <sup>t</sup> ———	4	10	"
for transferring the Cash	3	4	6
To the Treary messengers	47	3	6

### Fees &c at y.<sup>e</sup> Exch.<sup>r</sup> Office.

To the Report on the Secunity	"	10	"
To the Dep. <sup>ty</sup> Register Fee on d. <sup>o</sup>	1	1	6
For enrolling the Letters patents	"	13	4
For the Mal <sup>ty</sup> of the Officers Fee	"	13	4
For attending the Baron	"	6	8
For endorsing the Enrolment	"	4	4
Carried over	3	9	2
	113	15	11



Brought over				113	15	11
For drawing endorsing & duty for Your L <sup>ty</sup> s Security	4	6	"			
For the Quons Remembrances Fee on 7000 Security at 6. 8 <sup>ls</sup> Cent as usual	23	6	8			
For Attorneys Fees	"	3	4			
For Reading the Letters patent before the L <sup>d</sup> Chief Baron	"	6	8			
To Mr. Armigers Clerk	"	10	9			
				28	13	5
To the L <sup>d</sup> Chief Baron on Invoaring	5	7	6			
To his Secy as usual for the Certificate	1	1	6			
To an Entertainment	4	6	"			
To Mr. Butler at the privy Seal	1	1	6			
				11	16	6
To the Usher on the Low Side his Fee	"	"	"	5	"	"
To the Ushers Man	1	1	6			
To the Exchequer Messenger	"	10	"			
To the Exchequer porter	1	"	"			
				2	11	6
Paid registering the Letters patent with the Auditor	2	3	"			
Paid Recording D <sup>o</sup> with the Clerk of the Tolls	2	3	"			
				4	6	"
Total				166	3	4

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

The Charges of Mr. Smiths L<sup>res</sup> pat.<sup>ls</sup> Bond<sup>ls</sup> amounted to but 115. 18. 10 by reason the Gent<sup>ls</sup> of the Treasury took no Fees of him w<sup>ch</sup> come to about 50.<sup>ls</sup>



*M<sup>r</sup> Herries State of the Receipts from Michas 1697 to Easter 1712  
and of the Tellers & Clerks Fees for the same time*

		Receipts	Tellers Fees		Clerks Fees		Bill money	
1697								
Cts	Remains	47 69 5 16 4 $\frac{1}{4}$						
M <sup>r</sup>	To Michas 1698 — 2052147 19 2							
	D <sup>o</sup> 1699 — 3393654 2 3 $\frac{1}{2}$							
	D <sup>o</sup> 1700 — 1823014 6 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	8004515 1 11	4946 6 10	1760 1 5	227 4 5			
H <sup>on</sup>	To 4 <sup>th</sup> Apr <sup>e</sup> 1701 — 735698 13 8	8052210 18 3 $\frac{1}{4}$						
J <sup>r</sup>	To 1 <sup>st</sup> July 1701 to the 3 <sup>rd</sup> July 1702 when he was succeeded by the Right Hon <sup>ble</sup> James Vernon	2352339 11 7	1432 8 2	867 6 4	87 17 6			
J <sup>r</sup>	To 3 <sup>rd</sup> July to Michasmas — 1702	372967 8 11	364 5 2	132 15 7	15 19 6			
	One Year to D <sup>o</sup> — 1703	2096003 5 9	1990 19 8	767 1 2	75 5 2			
	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1704	2357949 8 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	1973 1 3	762 18 10	78 3 8			
	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1705	1999257 6 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	2093 13 3	832 5 "	72 3 2			
M <sup>r</sup>	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1706	2117146 15 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	2291 2 6	913 4 9	72 3 "			
Vernon	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1707	3717811 18 9 $\frac{1}{4}$	2680 17 3	1074 5 1	74 13 5			
	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1708	374217 6 8 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	2904 11 5	1109 5 6	69 14 1			
	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1709	5873955 17 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	3154 10 3	1132 14 "	69 3 8			
	D <sup>o</sup> — D <sup>o</sup> — 1710	4697616 " 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	3392 12 10	1311 8 11	68 8 6			
m <sup>r</sup>	To Michas Eave — 1711	3034821 12 4	3013 12 1	1046 9 5	71 7 5			
Smith	To Easter Eave — 1712	1948172 12 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	1470 " 1	591 18 3	43 8 5			
		42362429 5 8	31708 " 9	12301 14 3	1025 11 11			

*Mem<sup>dm</sup>*

The Bill money has in all the four Tellers Offices  
been the Right of the first Clerk w<sup>ch</sup> has been deducted accordingly The  
Remainder has been equally divided betwixt the 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup> Clerk in ea<sup>ch</sup> Office

*Mem<sup>dm</sup>*

M<sup>r</sup> Hugh Chudleigh was 2<sup>d</sup> Clerk in this Office  
from Michas 1697 to 26 October 1707 (when he died) during which time he allow'd  
M<sup>r</sup> Simon Boulte who acted for him 100<sup>l</sup> Ann<sup>o</sup> after M<sup>r</sup> Chudleigh died M<sup>r</sup> Vernon  
gave the 2<sup>d</sup> Clerks place to M<sup>r</sup> Simon Boulte & M<sup>r</sup> Peter Flournoys jointly who  
have since equally divid'd the 2<sup>d</sup> Clerks place as aforesaid.



Fees in M.<sup>r</sup> Smiths Office from Easter 1711 to Easter 1712.

The Tellers Acco.<sup>t</sup>

To a Years Tax at 4 <sup>s</sup> $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ ..				By Fees f. <sup>m</sup> 31 Mar to 29 June 1711	817	12	9
from Lady day 1711 to Lady ..	150	"	"	By d. f. <sup>m</sup> 29 June to 29 Sept	784	18	5
day 1712 on 750 f Ann				By d. to 4 January	673	19	3
To Allowance towards Clerks				By d. to 19 April 1712	796	"	10
f Ann	500	"	"		3072	11	3
To D <sup>r</sup> for Endorsing Exch <sup>g</sup> .				By a Years Sallary	31	13	4
Bills	20	"	"		3104	4	7
To the Charity School	5	"	"				
To Bonfiers this Year	4	10	"				
To Charge of a Messenger	1	10	"				
For engrossing a Copy of the	"	10	09				
Letters patents							
To new Years Gifts my L <sup>d</sup> . Treas							
refusing his 50 Guineas	13	8	1 $\frac{1}{2}$				
To one Years poors Rate							
	301	6	4 $\frac{1}{2}$				
Monyp. the 1. qu <sup>r</sup>	747	17	9				
2 <sup>d</sup> $\frac{1}{2}$	728	19	4				
3 <sup>d</sup> $\frac{1}{2}$	590	16	1 $\frac{1}{2}$				
4 <sup>th</sup> $\frac{1}{2}$	735	5	-				
	2862	18	2 $\frac{1}{2}$				
	3104	4	7				

Mem. <sup>Dom</sup>

Mr. Smith will be charged further w.  $37^{\frac{1}{2}}$  for 12 in the  
ground reassessment for this year as usual.



# The Clerks Acco<sup>t</sup> for the Year & Contra.

To M <sup>r</sup> Flournoys and M <sup>r</sup> Boulton one half of 1046 <sup>18</sup> 4	523	9	2	By Clks Fees for the time above	1046	18	4
Fees as <del>of</del> Contract							
To Taxes & Herne paid	25	"	"	By bill money for d. <sup>o</sup> ch belongs to the first Clerk in each Office	81	15	2
	548	9	2				
Remaining to M <sup>r</sup> Herne for his trouble & hazard having suffered by under Clks above 1000 Since he came into the Office	580	4	4		1128	13	6
	1128	13	6				

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

Upon a peace the greatest part of the Fees for the Army and Navy will fall off w<sup>ch</sup> will lessen near  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the Fees above.

Mem<sup>dm</sup>.

The Ann<sup>ty</sup> payable quarterly at the Excheq<sup>r</sup> amount unto upwards of 80000<sup>to</sup> Ann<sup>d</sup> & above 30000 Ord<sup>d</sup> payable quarterly for w<sup>ch</sup> severall Allow<sup>es</sup> have been made w<sup>ch</sup> the Tellers have remitted to their<sup>st</sup> Clks and those employed under them in that Service in consideration of the great Hazard and Trouble therein.



The Allow<sup>cs</sup>. for paying the Ann<sup>ty</sup>. are as followeth

For paying the Ann <sup>ty</sup> of 14 <sup>th</sup> Cent & Survivors. granted anno. 1692 &c. consisting of a bout 7121 Orders payable quarterly amounting to about 132433. <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> the whole allowance to the four Tellers is 300. <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> and this Office receives one fourth part.	75	"	"
For the Ann <sup>ty</sup> of 3700. <sup>to</sup> Woke anno 1703 & 1704 consisting of a bout 4881 Orders payable quarterly amounting to about 150000 <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> the whole is 560. <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> one fourth is	140	"	"
For the Ann <sup>ty</sup> granted 1706 consisting of a bout 5384 Orders payable quarterly amounting to about 184000 <sup>to</sup> ann <sup>ty</sup> the whole Allow <sup>cs</sup> . is 240. <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> One fourth is	60	"	"
For the Ann <sup>ty</sup> granted 1707 consisting of about 222 Orders payable quarterly amounting to a bout 72000 <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> the whole allow <sup>cs</sup> . is 97.4.4. <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup> One fourth is	24	6	1
For paying the Bankers Annuity about 200 <sup>to</sup> Ann <sup>ty</sup>	50	"	"
	349	6	1



Out of which M<sup>r</sup> Horne pays (Viz.<sup>d</sup>)

To M <sup>r</sup> Simon Boulton who examines all Directions & sets of the Vouchers	£	9	2
	50	"	"
To M <sup>r</sup> Tho <sup>s</sup> Palmer who pays our part of the Ann <sup>ty</sup>	80	"	"
To M <sup>r</sup> John Walworth who is an Assistant to him	30	"	"
To M <sup>r</sup> Benj <sup>t</sup> Hodgkin who enters againe all the paym <sup>ts</sup> and examines those Vouchers	40	"	"
To M <sup>r</sup> Isaac Watlington who assists in d <sup>o</sup>	20	"	"
To M <sup>r</sup> W <sup>m</sup> Bishop	20	"	"
	240	"	"
So remains to M <sup>r</sup> Lionel Horne	109	6	1
	349	6	1

Mem<sup>d</sup>

The late L<sup>d</sup> High Treas<sup>r</sup> was pleased to allow to the four Tellers by Warr<sup>t</sup> an Ann<sup>l</sup> payment of 161.12.1 for paying the Ann<sup>ty</sup> granted by parlt anno 1708 amounting to 120000<sup>£</sup> and payable out of the Surplus of the Fonds given to answer the said Ann<sup>ty</sup> but as yet no such Surplus has happened, but when effectual, w<sup>ch</sup> is uncertain, will be to each Office 40.8<sup>£</sup> and



A Particular of the Ann<sup>ty</sup> payable at the Exchequer. the Number of Orders, the Annual Amount, the Respective Funds for answering the same and the Allowances made to the four Tellers for paying <sup>the</sup> same.

		Orders	Ann <sup>ty</sup>	Allow <sup>ce</sup>	Allowan <sup>ce</sup> to each Teller	Funds
1693	Ann <sup>ty</sup> paid by L. Mansel { 14 <sup>th</sup> Cent ——— Survivors. ———	6275 846	l s	l s	l s	2 9 Excise 99 Years
1694	Ann <sup>ty</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Tonage now 37 9 Excise paid by L. Dupplin	17 00	37736.5	Nil	" " "	27 9.994
1704	Ann <sup>ty</sup> 3700. <sup>th</sup> Week Exc <sup>ise</sup> paid by M <sup>r</sup> Roberts	4881 1910	190749.10	560. — — —	140. — — —	3700 <sup>th</sup> Week Exc <sup>ise</sup>
1706	Ann <sup>ty</sup> on 9 <sup>th</sup> Excise & 1/3 Tonage paid by Lord Fitzharding	5384	184242.14	240. — — —	60. — — —	2 9 Exc <sup>ise</sup> 1/3 Ton
1707	Ann <sup>ty</sup> on Vellum &c. and Sup <sup>er</sup> last years Annuity Fond & d. 9 <sup>th</sup> Exc <sup>ise</sup> 1693. paid one halfe by Lord Fitzharding one halfe by Lord Dupplin	2226	72187.10	97. 4 4	24. 6. 1	1 <sup>st</sup> duty Oct Low wines Tobacco &c. and Surplus
1708	Ann <sup>ty</sup> on the Surpl <sup>us</sup> of Ann <sup>ty</sup> 1706 and 1707 paid by L. Fitzharding	1151	40000.	53. 17. 4	13. 9. 4	Surpl <sup>us</sup>
	Ann <sup>ty</sup> on 1/2 Sub. p. by M <sup>r</sup> Roberts	2292	80000.	107. 14. 9	26. 18. 8 1/2	1/2 Custom on 9 <sup>th</sup> Exc <sup>ise</sup>
	Ann <sup>ty</sup> on 9 <sup>th</sup> Cent paid by L. Dupplin	3604	81000.	Nil.		1/2 duty on 9 <sup>th</sup> Exc <sup>ise</sup>
		30269	818348.19	1554. 16. 5	389. 14. 1 1/4	
<p>L. Fitzharding { Ann<sup>ty</sup> ——— 1706 D<sup>o</sup> 1/2 ——— 1707 D<sup>o</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Act ——— 1708 } 7648</p> <p>M<sup>r</sup> Roberts { Ann<sup>ty</sup> 3700. <sup>th</sup> Week ——— Bankers D<sup>o</sup> ——— Ann<sup>ty</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> Act ——— 1708 } 9083</p> <p>L. Dupplin { Ann<sup>ty</sup> ——— 1694 D<sup>o</sup> ——— 1707 D<sup>o</sup> ——— 9<sup>th</sup> Cent ——— } 6417</p> <p>L. Mansell { Ann<sup>ty</sup> 14<sup>th</sup> Cent and ——— Survivorship ——— } 7121</p>						
		30269				







A Particular of the Ann.<sup>ly</sup> payable at the Exchequer, the Number of Orders, the Annual Amount, the Respective Funds for answering the same, and the Allowances made to the four Tellers for paying <sup>the</sup> same.

	Orders	Ann.	Allow	to each Teller	Fonds
1693 Ann. <sup>14s</sup> paid by L. Mansel { 14 <sup>th</sup> Cent — 6275 Survivors. — 846		l l	l	3	9 Excise. 99 Years
1694 Ann. <sup>14s</sup> Tonage now 77 9 <sup>th</sup> Excise paid by L. Dupplin — 17 00	37736.5	Nil	" " "	27 9.994.	
1704 Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 3700. <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Week Exc. <sup>s</sup> paid by M <sup>r</sup> — 4881	190749.10	560. — — —	140. — — —	3700 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Week Exc. <sup>s</sup>	
1705 Bankers Annuities — Roberts — 19 10	200. — — —	50. — — —			
1706 Annuity on 9 <sup>th</sup> Excise & <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> Tonage paid by Lord Fitzharding — 5384	184242.14	240. — — —	60. — — —	9 Ex <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> Ton	
1707 Annuities on Vellum &c. and Sup <sup>r</sup> . Last. Years Annuity Fond & 9 <sup>th</sup> Exc. 1693. paid. one half by Lord Fitzharding one half by Lord Dupplin — 2226	72187.10	97. 4. 4	24. 6. 1	1 <sup>st</sup> duty Vell low wines Roberts hand &c. and Surplus's	
1708 Ann. <sup>14s</sup> on the Surpl <sup>t</sup> of Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 1706 and — 1151	40000.	53. 17. 4	13. 9. 4	Surpl <sup>t</sup>	
Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 1707 paid by L. Fitzharding — 2292	80000.	107. 14. 9	26. 18. 8	1 <sup>st</sup> duty on 9 <sup>th</sup> Exc & duties on proper 12 <sup>th</sup> ad. &c	
Ann. <sup>14s</sup> on <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Sub. p. by M <sup>r</sup> Roberts — 3604	81000.	Nil			
Ann. <sup>14s</sup> on 9 <sup>th</sup> Cent paid by L. Dupplin — 30269	818348.19	1554. 16. 5	389. 14. 1		
L. Fitzharding { Ann. <sup>14s</sup> — 1706 D <sup>o</sup> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> — 1707 D <sup>o</sup> 1 <sup>st</sup> Act — 1708					7648
M <sup>r</sup> Roberts { Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 3700. <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Week Bankers D <sup>o</sup> — Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Act — 1708					9083
L. Dupplin { Ann. <sup>14s</sup> — 1694 D <sup>o</sup> — 1707 D <sup>o</sup> — 9 <sup>th</sup> Cent					6417
L. Mansell { Ann. <sup>14s</sup> 14 <sup>th</sup> Cent and Survivorship —					7121
	30269				

























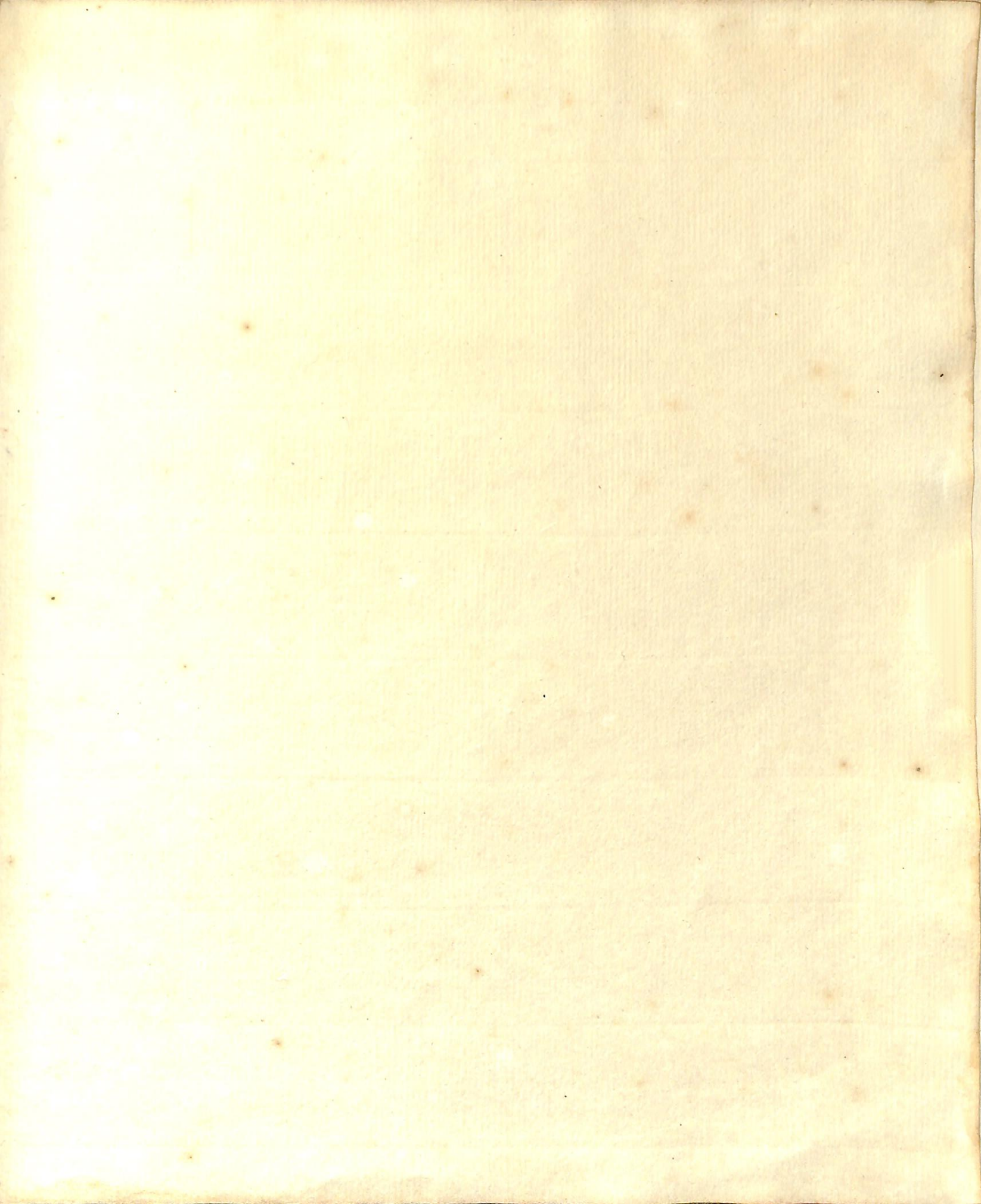














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